BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 3, 1866. VOLUME XXXIII----NUMBER 133.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

In Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

At the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

C. H. WHEELER. JOHN E. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

TYLER, LAMB & CO.,
Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,
ALSO DEALERS IN
SOLE LEATHER & FINDINGS,
20½ COMMERCIAL STREET, PORTLAND.
We have removed our Manufactory to Minot, Me., until our former place of business is rebuilt.
oct 9—3m*

H. L. MITCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
OFFICE,
No. 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE,
Bangor, Maine.
Will give prompt and personal attention to the collection of all demands, and to all other business entrusted to his care. sept 5—3taw

T. HERSEY
HAS THE AGENCY OF
HOWE'S
Celebrated Sewing Machine
AT
No. 20 Main Street,
aug 21

French Porcelaine!

We have just opened a NEW STOCK of China, Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware, in
White & Gold Band,
Of New and Desirable Patterns.
Rich Vases and Fancy Ware,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Silver Plated Knives, Spoons, Forks and Castors.
FINE TABLE CUTLERY,
In Ivory, Rubber, and Common, direct from the Manufacturers, and selling at low prices, at No. 1 Main Street.
sept 27—tf RICKER & IRELAND.

EBEN STEVENS,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELER & ENGRAVER,
No. 36 Hammond Street,
Opposite the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.
N. B. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.
june 14—tf

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE.
JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,
No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.
Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

HORTON & PATTEN,
DEALERS IN
Pianos, Cabinet Organs,
Melodeons Violins, Guitars & Strings
MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC
TUNING & REPAIRING DONE TO ORDER.
No. 7, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,
A. R. HORTON, J. B. PATTEN, apr 10 BANGOR, ME.

WHITE & FOSTER,
DEALERS IN
SHIP STORES,
CHANDLERY,
PROVISIONS & FAMILY GROCERIES,
NOS. 21 and 23 EXCHANGE STREET,
Bangor, Me.
H. WHITE, apr7 JOHN FOSTER.

ROBERT TREAT & CO
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.
Nos. 90 Exchange St Opposite Fen. Exchange
ROBERT TREAT.
nov7 dt JOHN STRANGE.

S. P. BROWN & SON,
Commission Merchants,
465 NINTH STREET,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Particular attention paid to the sale of
ANTHRACITE & CUMBERLAND COAL,
Lumber, Granite, Lime, Cement, Slate, Bricks, Hay, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, &c., &c.
Mercantile Collections made in this city, & through our Correspondents in all parts of the United States. Highest rates of Freights obtained for Vessels with Despatch.
All Claims against the Government promptly collected.
S. P. BROWN, Late Navy Agent. A. P. BROWN.
June 4—6md

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,
Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,
And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,
No. 200 Commercial Street,
F. W. PITCHER, FULLER. jan28 BOSTON.

Excelsior Window Polish!
The Most Wonderful Thing of the Age!
IT gives an instantaneous polish to the glass, removing paint, putty, grease, &c. It makes your Silver, Britannia, Tin, Brass and Knives, look as good as new, with little labor and no water or dirt. It removes ink stains and pencil marks from wood and paint work, and is unsurpassed for cleaning paint. Manufactured by
J. G. WOODCOCK, New Bedford, Mass.
For sale in Bangor wholesale and retail by E. F. BRADBURY, No 3 Smith's Block; & J. F. PATTEN & CO., No. 1 Granite Block.
August 20th.—d&w6m.

U. S. Marshal's Notice.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

PURSUANT to a Monition from the Hon. Edward Fox, Judge of the United States District Court within and for the District of Maine, I hereby give public notice that the following Information has been filed in said Court, viz:—An information against
Sixty-two yards of Silk;
Six yards of Silk Velvet;
Seven and one half yards of Broad Cloth;
Eleven and one third dozen pairs of Kid Gloves;
3 Shawls; one Horse; one Waggon and Harness;
Seized by the Collector of the District of Bangor, on the twenty-seventh day of October last past, at Enfield, in said District.
Which seizure was for a breach of the laws of the United States, as is more particularly set forth in said Information; that a hearing and trial will be had thereon at Portland, in said District, on the *First Tuesday of December* next, when and where any persons interested therein may appear and show cause, if any, can be shown wherefore the same should not be decreed forfeited, and disposed of according to law.
Dated at Portland this twelfth day of November, A. D. 1866. F. A. QUIMBY,
nov 14 3w Dep. U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Revenue Stamp Agency,
BANGOR, MAINE.

REVENUE STAMPS of all kinds constantly on hand. Sold at the same rates of discount as by the Department at Washington.
Stamps sent to purchasers by mail, in any quantity under $100.00, postage paid, or free by express, when ordered in sums over $25.00 and under $500.00.
When payment is made to the extent of $25.00 in mutilated or defaced Fractional Currency, no discount will be allowed.
JAMES H. BUTLER,
Collector of Internal Revenue.
November 1, 1866.

GOVERNMENT RATES OF DISCOUNT.

On $1000 or over,	5	per cent.
On 500 " "	4	" "
On 100 " "	3	" "
On 50 " "	2	" "

OFFICE, EXCHANGE BLOCK.
Open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., 2½ to 5, P. M., and 8 to 9 P. M. nov 5

Ladies', Misses' & Children's,
FUR GOODS,
OF ALL KIND AND STYLES.
Fitch, Squirrel, Mink & Sable
FURS!
Buffalo, Wolf and Bear,
ROBES,
ALL AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES,
At T. Hersey & Co.'s,
nov 13. *No. 20 MAIN STREET.*

Bryant, Stratton & Co's
MAIN OR INTERNATIONAL
Commercial Colleges
Bangor College,
Union Block, - - - Main Street,
Over Telegraph Office.
SCHOLARSHIPS GOOD IN FIFTY COLLEGES throughout the United States and Canadas.
☞ Please call at rooms, or address
Bryant, Stratton & Lakin,
Aug. 13—3taw *BANGOR, ME.*

HATS AND CAPS.
A large assortment of Fall Styles
HATS & CAPS,
Just received at
HILLS & BAKER'S,
AT THE MARQUESSON STAND,
West End Kenduskeag Bridge,
sept 25 Bangor, Maine.

HOLMES & SMITH,
DEALERS IN
SHIP STORES,
AND CHANDLERY,
OAKUM, COTTON DUCK,
WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.
FOR SALE LOW.
Delivered free of charge in any part of the city or vicinity. nov 8

Still Later from Virginia!

CHOICE VIRGINIA OYSTERS,
Received direct from Norfolk by every Steamer,
AND SELLING LOW.
oct23 at Low's Market.

Jordan & Mannigan,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
HARNESSES!
Collars, Whips, Halters,
SURCINGLES, &c., &c.,
Corner of Harlow and Central Sts,
Near the Franklin House.
We have on hand a good assortment of Harnesses, and are constantly manufacturing, from the best stock, all articles usually found in a Harness shop. Particular attention paid to ordered work. We are selling Harnesses *ten per cent.* cheaper than any other shop in town. All are invited to call and examine our stock. Repairing done promptly. A few second hand Harnesses for sale cheap.
EDWARD JORDAN. WM. MANNIGAN.
oct24 3m

BOLOGNA
SAUSAGE!
NEW HAMS, COUNTRY PORK
AND LARD,
For sale at
G. I. Brown & Co.'s,
oct 23—tf. Pickering Square Market.

IVES'
PATENT LAMPS!
Gas Superseded! Kerosene Popularized!
BY THE USE OF
Ives' Patent Hanging Reflector Lamps,
Brackets, Table Lamps, and Attachments,
WHICH can be filled, trimmed, and lighted (as quickly as gas), without removing the *Shade or Globe, Chimney or Burner.*
For sale at manufacturer's prices, by
RICKER & IRELAND,
No. 1 Main Street.
Those in want of LIGHT, are invited to examine these Lamps before purchasing. oct 8—d1f

CANCERS CAN BE CURED!
DR. L. CHASE,
(LATE OF PORTLAND),
THE CELEBRATED
INDIANOPATHY, CANCER & HUMOR
DOCTOR,

HAVING purchased the residence of H. A. Wood, 54 Hammond Street, Bangor, Maine, would be happy to be consulted by all who are afflicted with

Cancers, Cancer Humors, Tumors, Scrofula, Leprosy, Salt Rheum, Fits, Neuralgia, Bronchial Affections, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Liver Diseases, Female Weaknesses, Piles, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Diseases of the Kidneys Stiff Joints, Gravel, Diabetes, &c., &c.

DR. CHASE has practiced in his profession for sixteen years, and in that time has spent two years in Florida and Cuba, for the purpose of gaining a correct knowledge of the most efficient remedies used by the various tribes of Indians of that country, and by great expense has gained many valuable secrets which have heretofore been unknown to the world.
In Cancer he claims superiority over all other Physicians of the age, for he never fails to perform a cure when taken in a proper stage.
His mode of curing Cancers is by the application of a plaster, which is strictly vegetable, and will have no effect upon the healthy flesh; and in no case uses a knife, as does Dr. Greene, of Boston.
He also boldly asserts that he can tell every individual their disease and location of their pains, and describe their feelings in almost every case, more minutely than they can possibly themselves.
Dr. Chase is not a Clairvoyant, but conducts his examinations on a strictly scientific principle, and will challenge any professed medium for a fair examination.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Examinations free. Office at residence No. 54 Hammond Street.
November 7, 1866. d&w

SELLING OUT!
—AT—
Greatly Reduced Prices!
THE ENTIRE STOCK AT
No. 46 MAIN STREET,
Consisting of a complete and well selected assortment of
SILKS, RIBBONS,
VELVETS,
FLOWERS, PLUMES.
LACES,
EMBROIDERIES, and
FANCY GOODS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
All of which will be sold without regard to cost until the whole stock and business is closed.
THIS IS A
SUPERIOR CHANCE for MILLINERS
desiring to establish themselves in business, and to the Ladies who are in want of
Goods at Low Prices.
M. E. GIBBS & CO.,
nov 20 46 MAIN STREET.

CHOICE
Millinery Goods!
FOR THE SEASON,
Velvets, Ribbons, &c., &c.
NEW STYLES
FROM NEW YORK AND BOSTON.
MRS. J. A. LANCEY, Milliner,
With C. W. COFFIN,
nov 8 Corner Store, Under Hatch House.

EAST CORINTH ACADEMY.

THE WINTER TERM of this Institution will commence TUESDAY, December 4, 1866, and continue eleven weeks, under the instruction of
W. H. LAMBERT, B. A.,
With such assistants as the interests of the School may demand.

TUITION:

Common English,	$4 00
Higher English	4 00
Languages,	5 00

Board can be obtained on reasonable terms.—Rooms furnished for self-boarding.
For further particulars address
JOSHUA HAWES,
Secretary of Trustees.
East Corinth, Nov. 14, 1866. d&wdec 4

CROCKERY WARE
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING NEW IMPORTATIONS of
English Stone China,
Yellow, Rockingham, & Common Ware,
ALSO,
GLASS WARE,
KEROSENE LAMPS & FIXTURES,
Which we offer at wholesale and retail, at No. 1 Main Street.
sept 27- tf RICKER & IRELAND.

NOTICE.
JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE
VERY LOW FOR CASH!
3000 BUSHELS CORN,
500 Bbls. Choice brands FLOUR, from new wheat,
50 Bbls. heavy Western Extra Clear PORK,
50 Bbls. Boston No. 1 new Clear PORK,
30 Bbls. Philadelphia Extra Mess BEEF,
25 Bbls. KEROSENE OIL,
AT NEW STORE
On corner of Washington and Exchange Sts.
☞ Please call and see for yourself.
nov 8 HOLMES & SMITH.

Dye Woods.
THE Largest and Best Assortment of DYEING MATERIALS, and all articles connected therewith, is at oct 24 BRADBURY'S.

PORTABLE
STEAM ENGINES,
COMBINING the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 600 being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address
J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,
nov 7 3md Lawrence, Mass.

Lubricating Oils.
LARD, Sperm, Whale, Paraffine, Seal, Native, Hecca and Tallow Oils, Wool Oils and Scouring Soaps, &c. Superior qualities at lowest rates.
Bartlett, Burgess & Co.,
Sept 8—tf 106 State street, Boston.

POTASH.
A SPLENDID THING. Just received by
BLOOD & ROWE,
oct 19 121 Exchange Street.

REMOVAL.

SEKENGER GREEN HOUSE
has been removed from York to Newbury street near the Catholic Convent, where he is prepared to supply
Boquets, Crosses, Wreaths, &c.,
AS HERETOFORE.
And will be happy to have the ladies of Bangor call and see his new and choice varieties of Plant, &c.
nov 14 3m* ADAM SEKENGER.

FLOUR!
1245 BBLS. New York and Western EXTRA FLOUR, landing from cars, Wiskasset and Balloon, and for sale by
JAMES B. FISKE,
nov 16 No. 18 Broad Street.

Wanted Immediately,
COAT,
PANTALOON,
and VEST MAKERS,
To work in Shop. Also,
JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.
Jones Brothers.
oct 31—tf

HO! FOR THE WOODS!
500 Doz. Chopping Axes,
Comprising the very best axes in the market.
BEAN POTS, Cross Cut Saws, Chains, Knives and Forks, Sled Shoes, &c. &c.
SELLING CHEAP AT
M. SCHWARTZ'S,
oct10 Nos. 129 and 141 Exchange Street.

Pork and Lard.
100 BARRELS Extra Clear Western and Boston No. 1 PORK.
50 Tierces, Barrels and Half Barrels nice LEAF LARD, now landing and for sale
S. H. DALE & CO.
nov 13

Subscriptions for 1867,
TO Godey, Peterson, Atlantic, Young Folks, and other magazines, taken by
J. W. BARTLETT.
☞ Subscribe early. nov 20

Oil and Candles.
LARD, SPERM, AND WHALE OIL, OLIVE, Elaine, and Red Oil, Kerosene and Machinery Oil, Sperm & Adamantine Candles, and Soap.
For sale by BRADSHAW & PATCH,
aug 13 6m No. 7 Central Wharf, Boston.

Hams, Pork, Lard, &c. &c.
1500 LBS. NEW HAMS,
2000 Lbs. NEW LEAF LARD,
50 Bbls. NEW CLEAR PORK,
20 Do. NEW MESS BEEF,
25 Bbls. NEW SOUSED TRIPE,
10 Do. do do PIGS FEET,
25 Bbls. No. 1 Extra MACKEREL,
Bbls. Halves, Quarters and Kits
FOR SALE LOW
oct23 at Low's Market.

CAMDEN
ANCHOR WORKS
WE are now making ANCHORS of all sizes and selling at the lowest market rates.
Heavy forging done to order. All work warranted.
Camden, Sept. 19, 1866. H. & W. G. ALDEN, Proprietors.

SILVERINE.
For instantaneously silver plating
Copper, Brass, German Silver, Bronze, &c,
For Cleansing and Polishing
SILVER and SILVER PLATED WARE,
For sale by
J. F. Patten & Co.,
oct 22 No. 1 Granite Block, Bangor.

Sewing Machines.
IT is the intention of the Subscriber to keep on hand, and for sale, all the desirable styles of
SEWING MACHINES,
Thereby offering to purchasers a unique opportunities for selecting a Machine adapted to their particular kind of work, with the privilege of exchanging at any time within three months after purchase, for any other machine. CHARLES HALE,
October 25—3m 24 MAIN STREET, Bangor, Me.

A HEAVY STOCK
—OF—
DYE STUFFS!
AT LOW WHOLESALE PRICES,
To which we would call the attention of Traders and Dyers.
Blood & Rowe,
Nov 12 121 Exchange Street.

Dissolution.
THE Partnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of PITCHER & POTE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Augustus E. Pote will continue the business, collect all bills and pay all demands against the firm. A. E. POTE.
Bangor, Nov. 10, 1866

Livery Notice.

The Co-Partnership in the Livery Business of L. NICHOLS & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The public that we shall carry on the LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT at the Old Billings Stand, in all its departments, and accommodations as heretofore, under the name and style of *VICKERY & SARGENT.*
DAVID VICKERY.
DANA SARGENT.
Bangor, July 31st, 1866. aug 1

Cement.
New Fresh Newark Cement,
LANDING from Schr. Otis Avery, for sale by
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,
may 9 80 and 82 Exchange St.

Bangor Commercial College
And Telegraph Institute,
Lewis Block, - - - Main St., Bangor,
A Link in the Great American Chain.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN here acquire a Practical Business Education.
For *Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness* and *Economy*, this Institution stands unsurpassed.
The *Telegraph Department* is in charge of an accomplished sound operator, and is in successful operation, having five stations.
For further information call at College Rooms, or address
Worthington, Garner & Smith.
april 4—3taw

FLOUR!
PLANT'S ST. LOUIS, (New Wheat).
HAXALL'S ST. LOUIS, " "
ACME ST. LOUIS, " "
PHŒNIX, " "
ST. JOSEPH EXTRA, " "
DAY'S IMPERIAL, " "
CORN and MEAL,
BEST LEAF LARD.
Low for cash or approved paper.
WALTER BROWN & SON,
nov 2 114, 116 and 118 Exchange Street.

Warren's Cough Balsam.
1000 DOZEN NOW ON HAND. No person should be without it.
Trade supplied by the Proprietor.
sept 20 E. F. BRADBURY.

Important to Lumbermen
AND
Owners of Hemlock Lands.
THE AMERICAN PATENTED IMPROVEMENT TANNING COMPANY of New York own the exclusive right in the United States for the manufacture of an indestructible EXTRACT from Hemlock Bark for tanning purposes. The Bark Extract is now extensively used among Tanners, and the demand for it is rapidly increasing. It commands a ready sale in the Boston, New York and Philadelphia markets, at sixty cents per gallon. The appliances for manufacturing are simple and not expensive, costing but little more than the ordinary leaches used by Tanners. By this process two cords of bark may be reduced so as to concentrate the entire strength into forty gallons of Extract, without in the slightest degree injuring its tanning qualities, and as a set not exceeding one dollar per cord. The saving in freight alone, between the transportation of the Extract and the Bark, will range from six to eight dollars per cord, so that anyone who may get out but three hundred cords of Bark per year, may save from two thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars in the difference in freight.
The Company does not propose to sell Territorial rights, but will grant exclusive privileges to manufacture in certain localities, charging a small royalty per gallon on the amount manufactured.
The Company will send competent men to superintend the construction of works, where parties desire to enter into the business, and to instruct in the manufacture of the Extract.
As a guarantee of success to parties entering into this business, the Company will contract to take all the Extract manufactured under their process at fifty cents per gallon, delivered in Boston or New York.
Parties in New England desiring further information as to terms, &c., may call upon or address Mr. THOMAS W. JOHNSON, General Agent of the Company, at the American House in Boston, where models of the apparatus may be seen.
nov27 3mis* S. H. KENNEDY, *Pres't.*

Bangor Bridge Company.
To the Legislature of the State of Maine, assembled at Augusta, January, 1867.
THE Bangor Bridge Company would respectfully represent that the time will soon arrive when, by the terms of the charter to said Company, the rate of tolls then established shall be subject to the further regulation of the State:
The said Bangor Bridge Company would therefore respectfully ask the Legislature to regulate and establish the tolls for said Company, for the remainder of the term of said charter, or take such measures in the premises as may be deemed proper.
E. L. HAMLIN,
GEORGE STETSON, Directors,
JOHN WYMAN,
And duly authorized by a vote of the Stockholders in said Company.
Bangor, Nov. 23, 1866 1wdw3t n26

WM. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
—OFFICE—
Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.
Bangor, Nov. 22, 1866.—tf (Times copy)

Pork and Lard.
50 BBLS. HEAVY MILWAUKEE PORK,
50 TIERCES LARD.
Landing from schooner Balloon, and for sale by
JAMES B. FISKE,
nov 22 No. 18 Broad St.

Harper and Godey.
HOURS AT HOME, Child's Hour, and other magazines for December.
Received by E. F. DUREN.
Subscriptions received for the new year at lowest rates. nov 22.

$10 to $50 Per Day!
CAN BE MADE by purchasing a State or County right on one of the best domestic inventions of the age. Terms very liberal.
☞ Call at No. 122 Main-st, near Bangor House
sept 27—tf COLE & ARCHER.

RIFLES!
Muskets!!
GUNS!
$2,50.
GARIBALDI RIFLES,
In perfect order, good for either Ball or Shot, at the low price of Two Dollars and fifty cents each.
$2,50.
PRUSSIAN SMOOTH BORE GUNS,
Two Dollars and Fifty Cents each.
$2,75.
Iron Mounted Carbines,
Two Dollars and Seventy-five Cents each.
$3,00.
Brass Mounted Carbines,
Three Dollars Each.
Everybody should secure one at these low prices.
For sale by
JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,
Commission Merchants and Wholesale Flour Dealers, No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor.
November 21

J. P. BASS,
AT CORNER STORE, has received a large lot of Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS.
Cloaks and Cloaking Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS, DRESS GOODS,
Gloves & Hosiery, Cambrics, Edgings & Insertions, Dress Trimmings, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, &c.
☞ Customers that trade at Bass's, will be sure of getting good bargains.
J. P. BASS, Agent for Barrett's Dye House, the best in this country. sept 29

RING & BARTLETT,
No. 7 Granite Block,
DEALERS IN
West India Goods and Groceries,
Corn, Flour, Meal, Pork, Fish, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Sugars, Molasses, Tea, Coffee, Raisins, Spices, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
PRODUCE of ALL KINDS
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
AND FOR SALE LOW FOR CASH.
☞ All Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.
F. W. RING. HERMON BARTLETT.
Bangor, Nov. 16, 1866.

Dye Stuffs!
DYE WOODS, ALL KINDS: Indigo, Log Dye Cudbear, Blue Vitriol, Alum, Acids, Extract Logwood, Muriate Tin; Howe & Steven's Family Dye Colors; Reed & Co.'s Domestic Liquid Dyes. Wholesale and retail. Prices low.
N. S. HARLOW.
oct 4 4 Smith's Block.

Turk's Island Salt,
A FLOAT AND FROM STORE, for sale by
AYER & WEED,
nov 19 116 and 118 Broad St., Bangor.

Lumbermen, Take Notice!
SHEET IRON TEA KETTLES OF ALL SIZES, from 3 to 12 quarts. Also, Bean Pots, Bakers, Dippers, Spoons, Pans, and all Cooking Utensils suitable for the lumbering camps, constantly on hand, and furnished at the very lowest prices, by
A. NOYES & CO.
Bangor, Oct. 11, 1866. 2m

PAPER BAGS, all sizes, for sale at manufacturers prices, by sept 4 D. BUGBEE & CO.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 00
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES—$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.
☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.
Despatches to the Evening Times.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.

The suspension bridge will be completed for foot passengers to day.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The number of voters registered in this city yesterday was 1249. This, in addition to the number registered at the general election, makes a total so far of 126,411 voters in this city.
The match at billiards played at Irving Hall last night between Goldthwaite of Boston, and McDevitt, for $500 a side resulted in a victory for the former.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

Crushed sugar sells at 13c.
Up to Wednesday afternoon 14 bodies from the wreck of the Coya were washed ashore. Those of Capt. Page Dr. Rawden and Mrs. Pearsons were among them.
Advices from Idaho to Nov. 17th represent that the Indians are very troublesome.
The Internal Revenue Collector of Idaho report the value of the bullion produced from Jan. 1st to Nov. 1st at eleven million dollars.
The ship Silas Freeman, Capt. Webber, which put into this port in distress has been ordered to discharge her cargo for examination by agents of the underwriters and she will probably be condemned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.

Legal tenders 71½.
The Central Pacific Railroad is completed to Cisco, 63 miles east of Sacramento and 12½ miles from the summit of the Sierra Nevada mountains and 5911 feet above the level of the sea.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The Post says:
The loan market shows symptoms of growing ease as to call loans and of growing disinclination to commercial credits. Current rates for Government securities is 6 per cent; for choice bills 7 & 8 per cent. Governments are dull except new 65's which advanced to 108¾ in consequence of the change in the rule for conversion, which goes into effect to-day.

[By Cable to Associated Press.]

London, Nov. 29. It is said more troops are about leaving for Ireland, including a battalion of Guards.
The London Times says peace will soon be declared between Spain and Chili and Peru.
Occasional arrests of Fenians continue to be made by the Government authorities in Ireland.
London, Nov. 29. The steamship Union, Capt. Cerolan, from New York 7th, for London, has arrived in the Thames.
Southampton, Nov. 29. Steamship Hansa, from New York 17th, for Bremen, has arrived at this port.
Steamship Borussia, from New York 17th, has also arrived at this port.
Liverpool, Nov. 29. Steamer Columbia arrived to-day.
London, Nov. 29—Evening. Consols this evening closed at 89¾ for money.
American Securities—The following are the closing prices: U. S. 5-20s, 70; Illinois Central Railroad shares, 76½; Erie Railroad shares, 46.

Our Relations with Mexico—A Scheme to Aid the President's Policy—Gen. Grant on Reconstruction—The tone of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1866.

No information had been received up to ten o'clock by General Grant or the President confirming the report that Gen'l Sedgwick has crossed into Mexico. Gen. Grant has telegraphed to Gen. Sheridan that if the movement has been made it will be repudiated. Senor Romero has no information on the subject, and up to this evening nothing was known in the diplomatic corps of the reported crossing, except the conflicting newspaper statements. Mr. Seward has not communicated with the French minister on the subject of late. The whole course of the President and Secretary of State relating to the Mexican question has convinced all foreign representatives here that both these officials are bent upon forcing a difficulty with Napoleon. These ambassadors have, on the other hand, no doubt of Napoleon's sincerity in the withdrawal of his troops. It has come to light that more than a year ago the plan of creating trouble with France was urged upon Mr. Johnson and Seward by prominent rebels, they giving the opinion that it was the only way of forcing the President's policy upon Congress. Mr. Johnson refrained at that time from taking such a step, though Mr. Seward urged it, but both have gone actively to work in the matter since the elections.
General Grant has of late been more outspoken than usual on political subjects, and has given pretty full expression to his views on reconstruction. In recent conversation with ex-rebels, he has plainly told them that they mistook their position; that they had openly made war upon the government and had been defeated in their appeal to arms, and that they were now on parole; that the rights they talked about had been forfeited by their treason, and their return to their former position in the government lay in the hands of Congress; but if they persisted in rejecting the amendment to the Constitution, they would only have to go further and fare worse.
The members of Congress who have arrived here seem generally disposed to give a reasonable time to the rebel States to accept the terms that have been offered them, and if they fail to do this, to go on and regulate for them as territories, subject to the general government.
There is great unanimity in the opinion that the Fortieth Congress will assemble on the fourth of March at noon.—[Special to Boston Adv.

THE FENIAN EXCITEMENT IN IRELAND.

A Queenstown correspondent writing, Nov. 17th, says:

The blow is about to be struck at the power of Great Britain. Within a month you will hear of the rising of the Irish people from one end of this unfortunate island to the other. The train has long been laid! The arms are here, the men are ready, the officers appointed, the movement upon Canada was really a feint, for all the while the object was steadily kept in mind to create an outbreak upon the soil of Ireland. I need not tell you that the Irish people—that is the great mass of the lower and producing classes—are as one in this movement. Those who doubted at first are now willing that it should be tried. The landholding class and the Orangemen are curious to it. The Irish priests at first gave it no countenance; but I believe that I speak for more than one half of them when I say they are willing this movement should be tried, not with the expectation it should succeed, but with the hope that after it is over, the English government will be compelled, as a matter of decency and a saving to its treasury, to grant some measure of relief to Ireland, to abolish the wicked church establishment, and to re-arrange the land tenure of the country, so as to restore the people to their soil.
A Belfast correspondent, writing Nov. 15, says:

The preparations for defence in case of a rising are being carried on here with vigor. Special constables have been secretly sworn in, and the constabulary are being drilled regularly. There are two regiments of regulars in the barracks, and a general feeling pervades the people here that something is meant to be done by the Fenians before the year is out. There is very little apprehension, however, of there being much trouble even in the event of there being a rebellion. The North is sure to go as a man against such a movement, and, therefore, there is less dread of consequences than in other parts of the country. All the prisoners who were confined here have been either liberated or sent to Dublin. The Orangemen, who muster in large force in this town, as well as all through the North, are preparing for a probable emergency. For the past two months they have been secretly arming, and this too with the knowledge and assistance of the English Government. The detectives are here in large numbers on the lookout for Fenians, and every night a respectable correspondent has escaped arrest only through the intervention of the American Consul.
A Dublin correspondent, whose letter is dated Nov. 18th, says:

From private official sources I have learned that the plan of a rising has been discovered. From this plan it would appear that the rising was not to be confined to one place, but to be simultaneous, the main force to be concentrated in the South of Ireland. In the midland counties the forces were to diverge towards Cork, Belfast, Waterford and Dublin, taking the principal cities on their route and putting no entrenchments as they proceeded, which they can retire behind in case of repulse. The Castle of Dublin was, according to the plan, to be seized by inside parties, and the task of spiking the guns in the various barracks was to fall to the lot of the Fenians among the army ranks.

New State Department Proposed.

Judge Kelly has prepared—and will next week offer—"An Act to create and organize a Department to be called the Department of Internal Revenue." The appointment of Commissioner is to be vested in the Chief Justice, and the Commissioner is to appoint all subordinates of every grade.

Substitute for the Pending Tariff Bill.

The friends of the tariff bill passed in the House last spring, which is to come up in the Senate on the 10th, are somewhat alarmed by a substitute bill which has been prepared at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury by Commissioner Wells. Should the Senate adopt this bill as a substitute for the House bill, the chances of harmonizing the two Houses during the coming short session on any increase of the tariff (are doubtful?)

The French Spoliation Claims.

Those having charge of the French spoliation claims have about determined not to present them to Congress during the coming session, as there will not be sufficient time for the consideration of so important a question.—[Special to Boston Journal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.

It is understood that the President's message was to-day read to the Cabinet.
A private letter from London says Secretary Seward's despatch to Bruce has awakened a belligerent feeling among the Tories.
Acting Comptroller Hubbard, in his annual report, will recommend an increase of currency to the amount of $25,000,000, and it is reported that McCulloch will agree to it.
It is certain that Congress will be urged to provide for the redemption of all National Bank note issues in New York.

The Disputed Assessorship in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.

John Bigler has been established in possession of the office of U. S. Assessor for the 4th district, his predecessor having been ejected by the U. S Marshal.

HIGH PRICE OF PAPER. Many persons wonder why the price of new-papers, books, etc., remain so high now that the war is over and gold has come down so far towards the old standard. They will learn one of the principal reasons by the following paragraph from the Springfield (Mass.) Republican:

"The Carew Paper Company of South Hadley Falls, have declared a yearly dividend of 100 per cent., besides reserving a fund sufficient to build an addition to their mill. Last year the dividend was 120 per cent."

This simple paragraph tells the whole story. If paper-makers cannot be satisfied with anything less than doubling their entire capital every year, and adding 20 per cent. even to that, the people must try to be content with paying a high price for their reading.—[N. Y. Observer.

FROM TURK'S ISLAND—SCARCITY OF SALT. A Fortress Monroe despatch says: Advices from Grand Turk's Island state, in consequence of the hurricane great distress prevailed, but had been somewhat relieved by the arrival of the British war steamer Cadmus, which supplied the inhabitants with provisions and necessaries until the arrival of vessels from America with supplies. The Royal Standard of the 17th says: "A continuance of rough weather has prevented vessels in port from completing their loading, and some have sailed without full cargoes. The quantity of salt left by the hurricane is fast decreasing without the smallest prospect of another bushel being gathered until late next year. The salt now on hand, when compared with the quantity for the corresponding period last year, does not average over one-fifth. There is, therefore, every probability that all that now remains will have been shipped before the next season commences. The price is 12@12½c. The government market price, on which a crown duty of 10 per cent ad valorem is payable by the salt proprietors, has been fixed for November at 10 cents per bushel. The export duty is one cent. The bushel measure for salt contains 35 imperial quarts.

AUTHOR OF "ECCE HOMO." This gentleman, so long a puzzle to the literary world, is said by The London Spectator to be Mr. Seeley, a Professor of Latin in the London University, a graduate of Cambridge, and only about thirty years old. "Ecce Homo" was his first book.

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Whig & Courier.

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WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

☞ Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1866.

Our Washington Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.

To the Editor of the Whig:

Everything is being got in readiness here for the important session of Congress just at hand. About thirty of the members are already here, while the "third house," or lobby, is already in strong force, and the cry is "still they come." Washington has been very dull, and business at a stand still since Congress adjourned, but what with mustering of the soldiers to welcome Congress, and the gathering of the multitudes whom interest or curiosity will impel to visit the national metropolis during this most momentous session, and small traders with their enormous charges, will be likely in some measure to make up for lost time, while the landlords and boarding-house and hotel keepers will thrive "muchly," as Nasby would say. There probably is no city in the Union where rents and the prices of living are so extortionately high as in this city of truly "magnificent distances."

Well, we are on the eve of grave and momentous complications, civil and political, foreign and domestic. There is no question in my mind but that Messrs. Johnson and Seward have determined upon having a war, either with France or England—I am puzzled to say which, just now. My information in regard to some of the diplomatic intrigues which have been hatching in the State and Executive Departments for a year past have hitherto led me to look out for trouble with England rather than with France. But the unexpected turn which events are taking in Mexico, and the anomalous and unusually anarchic condition of affairs there make it quite probable that the Emperor Napoleon will have his little job in that unfortunate country first attended to.—Whether "Emperor" Max has indeed "vamosed the rancho," or not, is of small consequence, inasmuch as he *must* "git up and git" in a very short time, in any event. But if he has indeed abdicated, then Napoleon will have peremptory notice to quit in short order, and stand not upon the order of his going, also am I lamentably deceived in my ideas of the policy and purpose of our great "Tribune of the people." Mr. Seward is bound, if he still preserves "a decent regard for the opinions of mankind" in matters diplomatic, to take a bold and decided position in regard to the French occupation of Mexico. He has been timid almost to cowardice thus far in his dealings with France, but he and his master will become the world's laughing stock, if he longer tolerates Napoleon in violating his solemn and plighted faith to at least *commence* withdrawing his troops from Mexico.

Therefore, while a war with England was originally on the Administration cards in certain contingencies, of which the elections and their result was one, our quarrel with her may be postponed for the present in view of the urgent character of our relations with France. But if Napoleon gracefully backs out of his "intervention" in Mexico, then you may depend upon a war with Great Britain. I think I know wherein I affirm, when I tell you that Head Centre and C. O. I. R. Stephens, of the Irish Republic that is to be, is not so rash, so fool-hardy as to undertake the "liberation" of Ireland with such tremendous odds against him as appears in the surface view of the matter. He has assurances in high quarters that the Alabama claims will be pushed, offensively pushed as soon as he has got his columns fairly in motion on Irish soil, and blood is flowing freely, as it will. The special Irish correspondent of the Tribune, in regard to the expected terrible outbreak there, only confirms intelligence which has been in my possession for some time. England tried to pick a quarrel with us, in the Trent affair, when we were sorely pressed, and as one good turn deserves another, she will soon find that the bitter cup has been pressed to her lips. The Irish "Democracy" in this country compose at least one-half of the "Democratic" vote which stands behind Johnson in the North. That vote was only saved to him by distinct pledges that powerful and effective diversion should be made in Stephens' behalf, when he should strike in right earnest on Irish soil. *He will so strike, and he will be so aided*—unless Johnson should finally betray him, as he has every party and almost every person he has dealt with.

You may not believe this. Put it on record for future reference.

Will the President be impeached? is the question chiefly discussed here. A powerful effort to that end will certainly be made, but I think, now, it will come to naught. The country, I think, undoubtedly takes the view of it so ably and forcibly presented in your columns a few days since. Such were my views until recently. But a careful perusal of General Butler's masterly plea for such a step, combined with the indications I get of what mischief the President is actually up to, have revolutionized my opinions upon that subject. I warn you that this man's treachery to all that is most wise, just and beneficent in our institutions is full of menacing perils. He should never be allowed, under any pretence, or under any circumstances, to exercise the dangerous "war powers," so safely lodged in the hands of a Lincoln. As Wendell Phillips prophetically declared, more than a year ago, he is "an obstacle to be removed." The Republican, here, which only lives upon the broken victuals from the Executive table, and one of the disreputable newspaper trinity which exposes the wishes, views and decrees of its master, plainly tells us, in deliberately empassized language, that "new and startling issues" in our foreign policy will overshadow any attempt at impeachment. And those who dream that the conflict between Congress and the President is to be modified during the coming session may be undeceived. The conflict will be still more embittered, still more dangerous, and I am convinced that those who oppose impeachment now will bitterly regret that they had not taken the bull at once and resolutely by the horns, and, if a desperate conflict *must* come, meet it in season.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES. The Washington correspondent of the New York World says the forthcoming report of the Secretary of the Treasury will show that there was a net gain of cash on hand in the Treasury during the financial year ending June 30, 1866, of $129,811,606, there having been only $858,309 on hand June 30, 1865, and if the gold had been estimated at a currency value the gain would have exceeded $150,000,000. The receipts and expenditures were as follows:

RECEIPTS.

From Customs, in gold,	$179,046,630 61
From Public Bonds,	665,031 03
From Direct Tax,	1,974,754 12
From Internal Revenue,	309,226,812 81
Miscellaneous sources,	65,125,966 46
Total receipts from all sources,	$556,039,195 03

This revenue, it is believed, exceeds in amount that of any other nation on the globe for the same period.

EXPENDITURES.

Civil, Foreign and Miscellaneous,	$41,019,935 90
Pensions and Indians,	16,253,309 44
War,	284,449,701 82
Navy,	43,519,632 21
Interest,	133,074,737 27
Total,	$518,347,337 70
Total Receipts,	556,039,195 06
Total Expenditures,	518,347,227 70
Excess of Receipts,	$37,691,857 36

This excess of receipts all occurred during the last few months of the fiscal year and is not a fair criterion of the ability of the government to liquidate its debt. For instance, the war expenses for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1865, were $165,000,000; but during the quarter ending Dec. 30, 1865, they were but $12,000,000. The balance in the Treasury on June 30, 1865, was but $858,309 15. The year ending December 31, 1865, showed a deficiency in the Treasury of $619,000,000. But six months from the time (June 30, 1866), there was an excess of receipts over expenditures of nearly $37,00 ,000. The estimates of the War Department for expenditures for the coming fiscal year would be nearly $240,000,000 less than for 1865, were it not for the Equalizing Bounty bill, passed at the last session.

But the revenue from all sources for the next fiscal year is estimated by the Secretary in the neighborhood of $500,000,000. The full expenditure for the next fiscal year is estimated within $350,000,000, including interest on the matured debt, and a fair sum over for a sinking fund.

The public debt was reduced during the year, nearly two hundred million of dollars. The actual figures are $196,635,721. Seven millions of compound interest notes (legal tenders for their face) have been cancelled, and the temporary loans reduced nine millions. The full amount of currency authorized for national banks has been issued, which, with the United States notes, gives a circulating medium of nearly $700,000,000, not including the fractional currency. On the 1st of last November, the total, including the fractional currency, amounted to $734,218,038 20, and $35,000,000 of authorized national bank notes remained unissued.

No strictly new plan for resuming specie payments will be presented. The Secretary believes that he should have power to control the currency to the extent of being authorized at his discretion to sell bonds bearing interest not exceeding six per cent., and redeemable and payable at such periods as may be conducive to the interests of the Government, for the purpose of retiring *all United States notes*. He will ask Congress to authorize a long five per cent. bond, to be exempt from taxation, in which to fund the obligations that are soon to mature. He will lay great stress on the question of urging Congress to adopt at an early day a fixed policy of contraction, which, when adopted, will cause the business of the country to gravitate to it, so that specie payments may be reached without a great diminution in the revenues, or a wide spread financial panic. He does not propose to state any definite time for the resumption of specie payments, but believes that with a proper system it can be attained with the retirement of over two hundred millions of United States notes.

A REBEL OUTRAGE IN KANSAS. A despatch from Leavenworth, Kansas, Nov. 30, says: "On Monday the Court was opened in Platte City by the new Judges, as elected on the radical ticket. The Court progressed all day without interruption and adjourned to the next morning.

Judge Allen, the old Judge, early on Tuesday morning, opened the Court on his own hook, before the hour. The clerk refused to recognize his authority, and put the docket, escort records under lock and key.

Judge Allen issued an order removing the clerk, Mr. Moore. Moore refused to obey the order when a squad of 30 or 40 bushwhackers threatened to kill him if he did not deliver up the records. Moore refused and escaped. The old Judges adjourned the Court a week, and a company of armed bushwhackers are guarding the Court House, refusing to allow the Court to be held by the new judges elected.

The official Republican majority in Kansas is 11,382; the total vote, 27,112; increase over the vote of 1864, 9166.

It is stated that Gen'l Garfield, M. C., of Ohio, purposes on the first day of the next session to give notice of a bill providing for the assembling of the Fortieth Congress on the 5th day of March next—the day following the adjournment of the present Congress.

MATTERS ON THE RIO GRANDE. One day later news from the Rio Grande has been received at New Orleans. The report that General Sedgwick had crossed troops and taken possession of Matamoras is evidently a *canard*. General Sedgwick had paid an unofficial visit to Escobedo, who is investing Matamoras.

Gen. Grant has telegraphed Gen'l Sheridan to relieve Sedgwick from command if he crossed the river in an official capacity.

The Washington Star, a conservative paper, is publishing a series of significant editorials on the future of the South. In its last issue it says:

"There never was a more mistaken idea than that of the hardship of the terms demanded by the North as the condition precedent to the readmission of the lately rebellious States to Congress. One may search the history of every civil war and its consequences as far back as the history of nations has been preserved, to find terms granted to the unsuccessful party as lenient, and truly fraternal as those which Congress, on behalf of the victors in our war, now offers the South."

The article quoted concludes thus:

"Never were ink and breath more signally thrown away than in arguing, at this time, to show that the Constitution fails to give the victors in the late war complete power over the terms upon which the lately rebellious States shall be permitted to resume their position in the Union."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A few baths prepared with Struamatic Salts will effectually cure Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, and Fruptions on the face. Just received and for sale by B. F. BRADBURY. dec1 3ond&weowly

PURPID SORE THROAT. The best remedy that has ever been discovered for this dreadful disease, is Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. We do but simple justice to the medicine, as well as to the public, when we recommend the same for general use.—[Halifax, N. S., Daily.

Nothing

In the shape of a Boot, Shoe, Boudoir or Library Slipper can approach, for style and excellence those at T. E. MOSELEY & CO'S, Summer Street, Boston. The stock comprises a grade of goods seldom met with. dec 3

MINERAL BATH AT HOME.

Dyspepsia Cured, Rheumatism Cured, Eruptions on the Face Cured, Scrofula Cured,

BY TREATMENT WITH MINERAL WATERS

Do away with all your various and often pernicious drugs and quack medicines, and use a few baths prepared with

"STRUMATIC SALTS."

These SALTS are made from the concentrated Liquors of the Mineral Well of the Penn's Salt Manuf'g Co., in Pittsburgh, and are packed in air-tight boxes. One always sufficient for a bath. Directions are attached. Internally use

"STRUMATIC MINERAL WATERS."

In bottles of one and a half pints. One sufficient for a day's use. Sold by Druggists generally.

MERRILL BROS. No. 218 State Street, Boston; REYNOLDS, PRATT & CO., No. 106 Fulton St., New York, wholesale agents.

dec 3 sn Staw eod ly &eowW

CHAPMAN & PERRY

Are still sending out the Best of

Meats, &c.,

—SUCH AS—

Beef, Pork, Lamb, Chickens, Turkeys, Ducks, Geese, Sausages, Fresh and Soused Tripe, and Vegetables of all kinds.

—ALSO—

Fresh, Pickled and Smoked FISH;—OYSTERS and CLAMS, fresh every day; and other things in our line too numerous to mention.

☞ You will find us at the Old Market, West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

dec3 sn

Dr. Schenck, the Lung Doctor.

☞ The Proprietor of SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, the inventor of SCHENCK'S RESPIROMETER, the only instrument that can to a certainty detect the slightest murmur of the respiratory organs.

This is of great importance to Dr. SCHENCK, to know the exact condition of the lungs, whether it is Tuberculous, Pulmonary, Bronchial, Pleuritic, or Dyspeptic Consumption, and whether it is both lungs or only one that are diseased.

It requires constant and long practice to become familiar with every sound or rattling of a diseased bronchial tube. Patients come to Dr. SCHENCK to get examined that have been examined by their family physician, who told them that their lungs were almost gone; when by a close examination with the Respirometer, it is often found that it is an affection of the bronchial tube; and by getting a healthy action of the liver and tone of the stomach, the sufferer is soon restored to health. Sometimes medicines that will stop a cough it certain death to the patient. It locks up the liver, stops the circulation of the blood—hemorrhage follows, and, in fact, stopping the action of the very organs that caused the cough.

Dr. Schenck will be professionally at his rooms every week, 32 Bond street, New York, and 35 Hanover street, Boston, from 9 A. M. until 3 P. M. No fee unless cure is effected, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is $5. His pulmonic syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1.50 per bottle, or $3.00 the half dozen. Mandrake pills 25 cents per box. GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., 38 Hanover street, Agents for Boston. For sale by all druggists. dec 1 sn eowlw 1y

A soldier who had lost the use of his limbs from rheumatism, has been completely cured and enabled to abandon his crutches by one bottle of MEDICATED GERMAN RHEUMATIC REMEDY. It is truly the wonder of the age. nov 28 sn1m

SPENCER'S Dancing Academy,

AT

34 Mercantile Square.

I shall commence new classes for beginners, on Wednesday Dec. 5th, 1866, for juveniles, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Ladies at 7, and Gentlemen at 9 in the evening.

I have just returned from New York, where I have received a knowledge of the latest dances, including a nice quadrille and many new juvenile, group and fancy figures.

A. L. SPENCER.

Bangor, Nov. 28, 1866. 2w

MUSICAL!

A CLASS will be formed at Mr. Wilder's Hall, on Monday evening, December 3d, at 7½ o'clock, for the practice of OPERA CHORUSES.

Singers who are not far advanced, as well as those of experience, will find it profitable to join this class.

Terms for the course of Twenty Evenings, including use of Books, $2.50 in advance.

The Opera Chorus Book will be used.

☞ This Class is preliminary to an Oratorio Class, which will be formed about Feb. 1st. No other Classes will be formed by Mr. Wilder or myself, during the season.

F. S. DAVENPORT.

nov 26 sn1w

E. P. LANSIL,

COOPER & CISTERN MAKER,

Would inform the people of Bangor, and the public generally, that he is prepared to make to order and warranted, at *reduced prices*,

CISTERNS, TANKS,

WATER CASKS, &c.

Orders left at MUTUAL STORE CO., Central St. or GIBBS, PHILLIPS & CO., Broad St., will receive prompt attention.

Post Office address, Box 469. nov 14 sn1w

MR. JOHN HOYT,

TEACHER OF

Piano, and Cultivation of the Voice.

MR. HOYT will return to Bangor, to renew with his pupils the study of the above branches, Sept. 10.

All those purposing to commence the study of music at this time, should leave their orders at Horton & Patten's Music Store, or at the Bangor House.

Term will consist of twelve weeks, two lessons per week.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. P. F. Baker, J. V. Adams, Boston, Mass. aug 28

Light, Light, Light!

Light Equal to Gas.

This great COAL OIL BURNER can be used on ANY LAMP, and dispenses entirely with *Glass Chimneys*, and is free from smoke or smell.

This Burner is entirely different from any NO CHIMNEY BURNER ever introduced.

It does not depend directly upon the Wick for its light, but burns the smoke produced therefrom, *and burns less Oil than Chimney Lamps*: and produces a more brilliant light than any Burner in the market.

State, County and Town Rights, for sale.

☞ AGENTS WANTED.

This Burner can be seen at J. H. CLERGUE'S, 115 and 117 Exchange Street, Bangor.

sept 26 sn J. H. CLERGUE.

COAL, COAL.

We have now in our Coal Bins a stock of

Broken, Egg and Stove Coal,

all of which has been

SELECTED FOR ITS HARDNESS

and therefore *especially adapted* for burning in Furnaces, and Air-Tight Parlor Stoves.

This Coal is very free from slate, and as we screen the same before delivery to our customers, it will be free from *dust and dirt*.

We are selling this Coal at present at a very small profit, and as the article usually *advances in price* after this season of the year, we would advise customers to hand in their orders early.

C. A. BABCOCK, & CO.,

Broad Street, near Brower Ferry.

Bangor, October 18, 1866. sn2m

DENTISTRY.

DR. B. F. MILLS, - - DENTIST,

Late of New York city, at the residence of Mr. Wm. Mills, Bridge St., Oldtown. Best Style of artificial teeth, mounted on rubber base, for only $25 a set. Those interested call early, as he remains but a short time. nov 9 sn 4wd*

NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
BANGOR, Nov. 19th, 1866.

The Assessors will meet each Saturday afternoon for a few weeks, to attend any business that may come before them.

HOLLIS BOWMAN,
T. W. BALDWIN,
WM. ARNOLD,

nov 20 s&w (Times) Assessors.

Orange Line—Time—Two Trips per Week.

Winter Arrangement, 1866-7.

INSIDE LINE

FOR

Portland and Boston.

ON and after Monday, Nov. 19th, the Steamer LADY LANG, Capt A. J. WHITMORE, will, until further notice, leave Bangor every *Monday* and *Thursday* evening, at six o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay (except Searsport), arriving in Portland in time to connect with the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Co. for Boston same night; or tickets are sold on the "Lady Lang" that are good on either the Boston and Maine or Eastern R. Road, on the first train after the arrival at Portland.

RETURNING,

Will leave Portland every *Tuesday* and *Friday* evenings at nine o'clock, touching as above.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Buckesport, to Boston, by Rail Road from Portland, $4.50. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Buckesport, to Portland, $3.00.

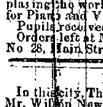
Meals Extra.

J. O. KENDRICK.

Bangor, Nov. 19, 1866. sn Agent.

(Times and Jeffersonian)

A Cough, a Cold, or A Sore Throat,



REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Nov 2 sn&ew

E. L. APPLETON,

TEACHER OF THE

VIOLIN, PIANO, &c.,

No. 74, MAIN STREET,—ROOM 9.

MR. A. calls attention to his giving accompaniment lessons to students and amateurs desirous of playing the works of the great masters, and others, for Piano and Violin.

Pupils received on Guitar, Flute, &c., as usual.

Orders left at Messrs. HARLOW & SPENCER'S, No 28, Main Street. nov 15 1dsu

MARRIED.

In this city, Thanksgiving day, by Rev. Mr. Sandil, Mr. Wilson Newcomb, of Hampden, to Miss Jennie M. Mason, of Holyland.

In Gardiner, 22d ult., by Rev. A. L. Park, Mr. George E. Safford, of Hallowell, to Miss Nellie E. Libby, of Gardiner. Enoch Libby, of Augusta, to Mrs. Hannah K. Hammar. Albert G. Gilmore, of Franklin, Mass., to Miss Sarah C. Deane, of Farmingdale, 24th ult., George E. Nason, (printer), to Miss Ellen L. Davis, both of Hallowell.

In Augusta, 20th ult., Levi Coy, to Miss Sarah E. Lovejoy. 27th ult., James O. Tenney, of Chelsea, Mass., to Miss Maria P. Sweetser, of Hallowell.

In Cleveland, 24th ult., James Chandler, to Miss Catherine Morrill.

In Chicago, 25th ult., Martin Webber, to Miss Frances A. Werth.

In Hallowell, 8th ult., George L. Perkins, of Boston, to Miss Sarah Sedgly, of Hallowell.

In Littleton, Nov. 5th, Mr. Geo. H. McDonald, to Miss Orilla Haywood, both of Littleton.

In Hodgdon, Nov. 18th, by Llewllyn Powers, Esq., Benjamin Bussey, Jr., M. D., of Houlton, to Miss Mary A. Purcell, of Hodgdon.

In Calais, Nov. 14th, Robert Thompson, and Miss Sarah E. Dudley, both of Eastport. Nov. 20th, Mr. Hillman J. Sprague, of Waite, and Miss Loretta M. Foster, of Houlton.

In Machias, Nov. 24th, Wm. N. Andrews, and Miss Ellen M. Ward.

In Eastport, Nov. 19th, Daniel McDonald, and Miss Elizabeth Finn, both of E.

DIED.

In Fort Fairfield, Oct. 7th, of consumption, Miss Sarah S. Ames, daughter of Stephen W. and Sophia Ames, aged 17 years.

In Perry, Nov. 16th, Samuel Cook, aged 65 years.

In Eastport, Nov. 18th, James Gallagher, aged 32 years and 2 months.

In Vassalboro', 13th ult., Mrs. Thankful M. Phelan, aged 82 years. 28th ult., Samuel Foster, aged 71 years. A member of the Society of Friends.

In Mt. Vernon, 11th ult., Mrs. Hannah Leighton, aged 83 years.

In Hallowell, 11th ult., Nathan D. Niles, formerly of East Livermore, aged 47 years. 19th ult., suddenly of heart disease, Nathaniel Davenport, aged 74 years and 9 months.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED,

SATURDAY, Dec. 1st.

Sch Ella, Richardson, Mystic

Sch Olive Hayward, Wyman, Hampden

CLEARED,

Dec. 1—Brig Rabboni, (Coombs) New York; schs Madonna, Homer, Camden, NJ; Tennessee, Cread, New York; Wm Cases, Barker, Fall River; Ocean Ranger, Clark; Abstract, Emery, and Day Spring, Davis; Boston; R H Colson, Robinson, Dochester.

Subscriptions

FOR all the Periodicals for 1869, received by CHARLES HIGHT.

dec3

Gift Books.

SNOW BOUND, Maud Muller, Flower de Luce, Evangeline, Poems and Holley, The True Church, Rustics, Songs of Praise, &c., for sale by CHAS HIGHT.

dec3

The Boston Button Store,

JUST OPENED AT

No. 28 CENTRAL STREET, BANGOR,

WHERE you can find a NEW and SPLENDID STOCK of

WORSTED & FANCY GOODS,

Nice Buttons and Gloves, Hoisery, Perfumery, Hair Oils, &c., which are all selling at the

Lowest Boston Prices!

☞ Please give us a call. dec1*1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE BANGOR AND PISCATAQUIS RAILROAD COMPANY hereby give notice that at the coming session of the Legislature of this State, they shall petition as follows:

1st. To extend the time of filing the location of the route of said Company's road and of building said Road to the Piscataquis River.

2d. To provide that public lands situated in Piscataquis County, conditionally granted to the European and North American Rail Road Company, may be granted to this Company, under suitable restrictions; provided that said European and North American Rail Road Company fail to entitle themselves to the grant.

By order of the Directors.

THOMAS MASON, Clerk.

Bangor, Nov. 30, 1866 w3t dlt d3

The Place to Buy

FOWLS, of all descriptions, foreign and domestic, Birds, Rabbits, Guinea Pigs, Fancy Pigeons, Squirrels, Dogs, &c.; also, a fine assortment of Breeding, Trap and Fancy Cages, all kinds of Bird seeds, &c., at

J. T. QUIMBY & CO'S.

No. 52 Court street, Scollay's Building,

Boston, Mass.

R. B. Birds of all kinds Stuffed in the best manner and on reasonable terms. Eggs, from Fancy Fowls, for setting, sent to all parts of the country.

dec3 Staw&wlm

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE PENOBSCOT MILL DAM COMP'Y,
December 1, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That this Company will make application to the Legislature, at its next session, that the Act incorporating the Company, approved on the 12th of February 1828, may be so amended that the third section, which authorizes the taking of lands on payment of their appraised value, for the dams, locks, sluices, wharves, piers and booms of said Company, shall be so enlarged or so construed, as to authorize such taking of lands for the sites of mills and factories. And also that the last proviso of the second section of said Act shall be repealed, which proviso is in the following words, to wit:—"*And provided also, that the said Corporation shall first actually purchase a good and legal title to the land on which said dam, or dams, are to be erected.*" And also, that the City of Bangor and the town of Brewer may be authorized to give to said Company as great and extended exemptions from taxation, as any other city or town is or may be authorized to give to any similar Company. dec 3 1td, 3tw (Times 10)

1866.

PLAIDS!

THE LARGEST AND BEST Assortment of *ALL WOOL PLAIDS*, for Ladies and Misses wear, in this market. Selling at REDUCED PRICES.

Hatch & Williams,

dec3 d2w w3t 68 MAIN STREET.

December 3d.

RICH ALL WOOL

CASHMERES,

Printed Flannels, and

FIG'D D'LAINES,

—FOR—

LADIES WRAPPERS and GENTS DRESSING GOWNS

Now opening at 68 MAIN STREET.

Hatch & Williams.

dec3 2wd w3t

NEW GOODS!

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRY GOODS!

A FULL STOCK OF

New and Desirable Goods,

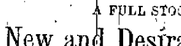
☞ SUITED TO THE SEASON, ☜

Just received and selling at VERY LOW Prices, at

68 MAIN STREET.

HATCH & WILLIAMS.

dec3 d2w w3t



MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP

WITH

YOUR WASTE GREASE.

NO LIME NECESSARY.

BY USING

Saponifier!

OR

Manufactured by

PENN'A. SALT M'FG. CO.

It will make TWELVE POUNDS of excellent Hard Soap, or TWENTY-FIVE GALLONS of the very best Soft Soap, for only about THIRTY CENTS. Directions on each box. For sale at all Drug and Grocery Stores.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Be particular in asking for PENN'A. SALT M'FG. CO'S. SAPONIFIER.

dec1 3tawd&weowly

NEW GRATED

HORSE RADISH!

—AT—

LOW'S MARKET,

December 1.

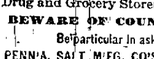
EXTRA

Sweet Potatoes!

—AT—

LOW'S MARKET.

December 1.



GETCHELL'S

DANCING HALL.

JUVENILE CLASSES.

MR. FRANK A. REYNOLDS, so well known as an accomplished teacher, and formerly with Mr. Lunt, will attend exclusively to the instruction of children.

Mrs. GETCHELL will also be present to look after the clothing, and exercise general supervision.

PRIVATE LESSONS will be given during the week at the Hall, at such times as will suit the convenience of pupils. The latest and most fashionable dances will be taught, and the strictest personal attention given in order to perfect pupils in the art.

Juvenile Classes every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, commencing at 2 o'clock.

The class for adults will be on the above evenings, commencing at 7½ o'clock.

GEO. I. GETCHELL.

Dolan's Block, Main Street.

November 26, 1866.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE PENOBSCOT MILL DAM COMPANY,
BANGOR, November 28, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That this Company will make application to the Legislature, at its next session, to authorize the City of Bangor and Town of Brewer, to aid in the construction of a Dam at, or near Treat's Falls, by an appropriation of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars to be divided between Bangor and Brewer in proportion to their respective valuations, and to be a gratuity to the Company upon the completion of their undertaking. nov 29 3t (Times please copy)

Apples--Apples!

A NICE LOT just received, of

BALDWINS,
GREENINGS,
SPITZENBERGS, BELLFLOWERS,

and Cooking Apples—for sale low at

Norton & Farrington's.

nov28 2w

FOR SALE.

A LARGE Second Hand MINK CAPE is for sale Cheap by

F. R. SEELEN
Practical Barrier, 68 Main-st, (Up Stairs.)

nov29 1w

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Travelers Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

On the first day of November, 1866, made to the Secretary of the State of Maine.

First. The name of this Company is The Travelers Insurance Company; it is located at Hartford, Conn., and was incorporated June 17, 1863.

CAPITAL.

Second. The amount of Capital Stock $500,000,00

Third. The amount of Capital Stock paid up is $300,000,00

ASSETS.

Fourth.

Cash on hand in Bank,	7,328 89	
Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission,	6,492 38	
Specie on hand and in hands of agents,		53,821 27
Amount loaned on mortgages of Real Estate,	26,020 00	
Amount loaned on Bank and U. S. Stocks,		
Amount loaned on personal security,	79,065 00	105,065 00
Accumulated interest on loans,	7,142 90	7,142 90
Stocks and Bonds as follows, viz:	Par val.	Mkt val.
United States Sixes of 81,	50,500	57,317 50
United States Seven-Thirties,	250,000	265,000 00
Connecticut State Bds,	25,000	25,000 00
Wisconsin State Bds,	5,000	4,750 00
Tennessee State Bds,	25,000	18,500 00
Virginia State Bds,	30,000	13,200 00
Ohio State Stocks,	2,000	2,000 00
Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana R R Bonds,	10,000	9,700 00
Chicago and North Western R R Bds,	10,000	8,800 00
Chicago Water Loan Bonds,	20,000	19,800 00
American Natl Bank Stock, Hartford,	10,000	12,000 00
City National Bank Stock, Hartford,	11,100	12,210 00
Phœnix Natl Bank Stock, Hartford,	12,000	16,440 00
Farmers & Mechanics National Bk Stock, Hartford,	10,000	13,200 00
New Britain Nat. Bk Stock, New Britain,	5,000	5,300 00
Nassau National Bank Stock, New York,	10,000	11,000 00
Fourth National Bank Stock, New York,	15,000	16,500 00
Mercantile Nat. Bk. Stock, Hartford,	10,000	10,100 00
Railway Passenger Assurance Co's Stock, Hartford,	68,600	68,600 00
		589,417 50
Office Furniture, Home and Branch Offices,	9,820 66	
Government Stamps on hand,	212 31	10,032 97
Total assets,		$763,479 64

LIABILITIES.

Fifth. Liabilities to Banks, or others, due or not due, None.

Sixth. Losses adjusted and due, none.

Seventh. Losses either unadjusted

Eighth. or adjusted & not due, $15,000

Ninth. Losses in suspense, waiting further proof, 23,250 38,250 00

Tenth. All other claims against the Company, None.

Capital and surplus, $727,229 64

MISCELLANEOUS.

Eleventh. The greatest amount insured in any one risk is $50,000, except in special cases.

Amount of cash on hand in Life Dep't, not included in the foregoing, 4,813.10—

Cash in hands Agents in Life Dep't, not included in the foregoing, 13,734 44 $18,552.54

J. G. BATTERSON, President.

RODNEY DENNIS, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss. Hartford, Nov. 6, 1866
County of Hartford, }

Personally appeared J. G. Batterson, President, and Rodney Dennis, Secretary, of THE TRAVELERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, and severally made oath that the above statement by them subscribed, is true, according to their best knowledge and belief. Before me, CHAS. E. WILSON, Notary Public.

B. PLUMMER & SONS,

dec3 *AGENTS.*

List of Letters,

REMAINING in the Bangor Post Office, Dec. 3, 1866. Persons calling for these letters will please say "Advertised," and give the date of list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Abbott, Marshall
Burbank, James
Bowen, Harry G
Brown, Geo
Bayley, F H
Bray, Capt D N
Bragg, C M
Brown, David 2
Baker, Mr the Peddler

Crowell, A H
Crowell, Capt G H
Crowly, Mr Florence
Cunningham, E W
Cilk, Capt John C
Chandler, Capt John
Clark, John
Chase, Dr J L
Coombs, Capt W K
Cappe s, Thomas
Coombs, Edwin
Dore, Rev J S
Dinsmore, Talbuts
Eldridge, Austin
Frazier, Alex
Finson, Chas H
Gordan, Eben
Godfrey, E W
Goodwin, H B
Greed, John A
Gray, Samil F
Gallagher, Thomas
Holman, Mr
Hamilton, Aaron
Hass, J
Heal, Gilbert
Hale, C F
Haven, C L 2
Hall, J A
Hodgdon, J S
Hay, John
Hawood, J K
Hale, Ichabod G
Hamilton, Samuel
Herrity, Michael
Johnson, W F
John, R W
Knowles, Henry 2
Kimball, W J 2
Libby, B F
Lord & Mayhew 2
Leveloy, Chas
Leslie, James B
Bronnan, mrs Dr
Brackett, mrs M L
Burley, mrs R C
Bell, miss Issa
Chandler, miss Helen
Collett, miss Jennie M
Crowell, Clara C
Campbell, Mary A
Call, Mary A
Crockur, mrs L A
Collins, mrs A D
Drake, mrs A C
Dennish, mrs Harriot
Donovan, mrs Ellen
Dunrow, miss M
David, miss Etta
Dudley, miss Annie
Delano, miss A
Edwards, miss Emma
Frazier, mrs Henrietta
Gilman, Clara
Gordon, mrs O
Greenough, R S
Given, mrs Mary J
Hardy, mrs Annie
Hunting, mrs Annie
Harrington, miss Hannah
Hunter, Rosa
Hannaford, Ruth A
Holts, mrs Lizzie
Hatch, mrs L M
Harmon, mrs Ann E
Johnson, Susie M
Dec. 3

Murphy, Mr
McLaughlen, Daniel 2
Merril, Chas H
Mitchell, C F
Manneth, Joseph
Mayo, Wm F
McGuire, William
Mersery, Thomas
Nolan, James
O'Conner, Jeremiah
Philips, A G
Perkins, Albro M
Patten, E M & Co,
Perkins, Joseph
Pendleton, James W
Paine, Wm
Rich, Chas L
Reed, Simeon S
care of Capt Lane
Roach, L J
Ramer, Capt Wm
Robinson, Samuel
Robinson, N F
Steele, B F
Stevens & Pearson,
Stevens, Barny & Bell
Sperls D W
Sullivan, Daniel
Smith, C S
Small, E A
Sargent, Daniel
Shaw, Frank
Sw etland, Joseph
Sparrow, A A
Stevens, Geo F
Stevens, John T
Sargent, Simon
Sawtell, N D
Soule, Wm
Thombs, Chas C
Trickey, A W
Taylor, James
Tuck, J P
Tibbetts, Horace
Thork, C R
Thompson, Stillman
Veasie, Capt Samuel
Verney, L H
Vermette, Eugene
Weld, C S
Wyman, Chas
W

TELEGRAPHIC TO THE

Whig & Courier.

THE ARREST OF JOHN H. SURRATT in EGYPT.

Loss of a Portland Vessel and 13 of her Crew.

News from the Capital.

A Caucus of the Republican Members of Congress.

They Recommend the Senate to Reject all Appointments made on Political Grounds.

Little Favor Granted the Idea of Impeachment.

Important to Mariners.

Gen. Sheridan Refutes the Charge of Inhumanity at Tortugas.

The President's Message to be Expected To-morrow.

A Resolution of Sympathy for Jeff Davis Passed in the Georgia Legislature.

Mr. Marvin Elected as U. S. Senator from Florida.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.

Major Gen. Sheridan has forwarded to the War Department a refutation of the charges of inhumanity against the officers at the Dry Tortugas.

The U S steamer Lackawanna has arrived at Montevideo. All well on board.

The steamer Monocacy has arrived at Rio Janeiro, and the Mohican at Maranhban.

The receipts from internal revenue today amounted to $1,625,948.85.

A large number of Congressmen arrived here tonight, and there seems to be no doubt of a quorum of both Houses on Monday.—The best humor prevails among them, irrespective of party, so far as can be ascertained by conversation and otherwise. The idea of introducing articles of impeachment against the President finds little if any favor.

The press, it seems, will now be more largely represented at Washington during the approaching session of Congress than heretofore, there being accessions to the usual number of correspondents.

The message of the President will be about the same length as that of last year and will occupy about one hour in reading.

Our consul at St. Croix, West Indies, writes that the cholera has broken out at St. Monicas.

Our government had information as long ago as last winter that John H Surratt had gone to Europe. To-night (Dec. 2d) Secty Seward received a despatch, dated to-day, as follows:

"I have arrested John H. Surratt, one of President Lincoln's assassins. No doubt as to identity.

(Signed) HALE, U. S. Consul Gen'l,
Alexandria, Egypt."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

The following named gentlemen compose the committee to report to the adjourned republican caucus on Wednesday night what is to be the order and character of the business for the session:

Thaddeus Stevens of Pa., Chairman.
Hart of New York,
Schenck and Garfield of Ohio,
Paine of Wisconsin,
Orth of Indiana,
Washburn of Illinois,
Allison of Iowa,
Pike of Maine,
Boutwell of Massachusetts.

Some of the republican members think if the procession to give them welcome shall reach the capitol before the message is sent to Congress, an adjournment will take place until Tuesday without waiting for the document.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

The Herald's special Washington despatch says—

Thaddeus Stevens will offer a resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to investigate the conduct of the President and report what action Congress should take.

The radical members of Congress held a caucus on Wednesday evening. Several bills of an important character will be laid before it.

Mr. Schenck will introduce a bill for the assembling of the 40th Congress on March 6, 1867.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

Off Fire Island, the ship Kate Dyer, of Portland, Me., from Callao Sept 8th, with guano, was run into yesterday, by steamer Scotland, hence for Liverpool. She was struck on the starboard bow, and sunk immediately, carrying down with her thirteen of the crew. The captain, pilot and fourteen of the crew were rescued.

The Scotland returned here to-day. She had her bow stove in and her fore compartment full of water, and the others filling, she was obliged to run ashore to prevent her sinking with all on board.

The following are the names of the lost ship, Kate Dyer:—

Paul Bodie 1st officer, of Antwerp; F. Jones and Fred Smith, boys, of Portland, Me.; Wm. Blackwell, sail-maker, of London; Wm. Romins, steward; Wallace Cox, cook; Fred Jenkins, Wm. Harris, Jones, Robert Barber, Robert Browne, John Quirk, and Henry Johnson, seamen.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 2.

Steamship Somerset, from Liverpool 17th ult., arrived at this port to-day, bringing a large and valuable cargo. Among her passengers is Bishop Whittingham, of Maryland, who returns from brief visit to Europe for his health, which is understood to be improved.

BOSTON, Dec. 1.

A submarine telegraph cable has been laid across the Vineyard Sound from West Chop Light to Nobsque, starting from a point a few rods to the westward of the lighthouse on the West Chops and running to the eastward of the buoy on the Middle Ground about fifteen rods, and thence direct to Nobsque Light.

Captains of vessels are particularly requested to avoid anchoring upon this line.—If, however, they should be compelled to do so, and hoist up the cable, they will serve the interests of all engaged in traversing the Vineyard Sound to avoid damaging it.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 1.

Mr Henderson introduced the following resolution yesterday in the House which has been unanimously adopted in both branches of the Legislature.

Whereas the general assembly would do injustice to the great heart of Georgia not to give some formal expression of their respect for the charactor and services of the illustrious prisoner of State, Jefferson Davis, all the generous pulses of that heart are in full unison and sympathy with his sufferings and misfortunes, its warm affections cluster around the fallen chief of a once dear but now abandoned cause; there they will cluster and centre, while men admire all that is chivalrous in nature, while they regard all that is noble in virtue.

Therefore, the General Assembly resolve that their sincerest and warmest sympathy are tendered to Mr. Jefferson Davis in his confinement, and they look forward with anxious solicitude to the day when a magnanimous and patriotic President shall put an end to his confinement, and by the interposition of Executive clemency restore him to a people for whom he so faithfully struggled and on account of whom he has endured with Christian fortitude the hardships of a long and rigorous imprisonment.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 1.

Intelligence received at Charleston reports the election of Marvin as United States Senator for six years by the Florida Legislature.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

Letters from the city of Mexico received here, dated the 10th ult., state the fact that Gen Bazaine had given arms and ammunition to two Mexican Liberals, and promised them that they should not be interfered with by the French forces, provided they pronounced for Gen. Ortega, and proclaimed him President.

The opening proceedings of Congress will not occupy perhaps more than an hour, and should there be no hindering occurrence the message may be expected early in the afternoon. Copies of it have already been despatched from this city to all the principal cities in the country.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 1.

The Galveston Bulletin of the 29th ult. contains the following:

The city is full of rumors in reference to the Mexican affairs. No doubt they were induced by the arrival of Lt Taylor with despatches, and the departure of the steamer Elizabeth Read with return bearer of despatches.

We are assured by those who know about the matter that it has no reference to the French. The Government is not accustomed to send off private steamers, as the Read was despatched, for any but matters important. Like all the Mexican matters, there is considerable obscurity about the affair.

There is an increasing disposition manifested in the South to admit qualified suffrage, impartial as to color. Violent attacks on such papers as do not directly oppose it show that it is gaining ground, as an equivalent of the universal amnesty of ultra Union of the North.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.

The steamer Montana arrived to-day from New York.

Consul Godoy has received positive information of the occupation of Mazatlan by the Liberal Gen Corona Nov. 14.

Letters from President Juarez and the Minister of State say that Gen Placido Vega was expected at Misenahue, to co-operate with the President, and hopes were entertained that news of his death by order of Corona may prove incorrect.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

N P Willis was struck with paralysis today, and is in a very critical condition.

A meeting was held last night at Clinton Hall, by French Canadians residing in the United States.

Resolutions were adopted protesting against the Canadian Confederation scheme as hostile to the United States, and declaring in favor of annexation to this Republic.

John V. Corkroft of the Nassau bank was robbed of two thousand dollars while entering the postoffice. One of the robbers was arrested.

It is stated at the Fenian headquarters here that Stephens has not left the country, having been seen lately at Boston conversing with shipowners.

Large orders for breech loading arms have been given to manufacturers, which are said to be intended for the Emperor of China.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The evening papers have the following—

TORONTO, Dec. 1.

It is understood that the Fenians sentenced to death will be respited for three months to wait the result of the appeal.

TORONTO, Dec. 1.

In the case of McMahon, Lynch and other Fenians, appealing for new trials, the budget was given this afternoon.

In McMahon's case the Chief Justice said after the most careful consideration he could arrive at no other conclusion than to refuse the rule.

A similar decision was given in the remaining cases.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.

The shipments of treasure today per steamer Golden City amounted to $1,166,275.

Steamer Alert from Japan brings an invoice of 846 cases of silk worm eggs en route to New York.

Mining stocks are continuing to improve. Savage $1390; Yellow Jacket 1170; Crown 1070; Gould & Curry 515; Chollar Potosi 221; Ophir 220, Imperial 127; Belcher 14.

Legal tenders 71¼.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

Bark Palestine, from Buenos Ayres Oct. 7th, reports lost overboard Joseph Shaw, seaman, of Baltimore.

Schooner May was driven ashore at Buenos Ayres.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 1.

The Virginia Legislature meets on Monday and members are arriving.

The prominent topic of conversation is the action taken at a meeting of influential citizens of the Peninsula counties, held at Williamsburg on Monday, urging the necessity of calling a State Convention as early as practicable to remodel the constitution and adopt it to the altered condition of things.

A gentleman named N L Manny was shot and killed in the street this afternoon by a negro.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 1.

A colored artist named W H Simpson has produced and presented to our commissioners a life-like portrait of Judge Bond, for which he had but two sittings. The likeness is perfect and the execution very fine.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.

British brig Alert brings dates from Yokohama, Japan, to Oct. 27th.

The distress in Yeddo continues.

There are many rumors from the seat of war but no reliable news.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 1.

The commissioners appointed by Governor Humphrey of Mississippi to visit Washington with the view of importuning the President to release Jeff Davis, finding their efforts unavailing, have had a lengthy interview with him in the Fort, acquainting him with the result of their visit to Washington.

Rev. Ballard Dunn of Brazil arrived here to-day on a visit to Mr Davis.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.

The Republican members of Congress, numbering about fifty, held a caucus tonight at the capitol. Hon. Thad Stevens presided and Hon. Mr. Ingersoll acted as Secretary.

A committee of nine members to prepare the business for an adjourned meeting for Wednesday night next was appointed.

The caucus designated Speaker Colfax to reply to the address of welcome to Congress to be delivered by Chief Justice Chase on Monday afternoon at the capitol.

Various republican associations clubs and unions having made arrangements to proceed thither in a procession as a part of the programme, the caucus was not exclusive in naming their orator, but suggested that the members of the Senate appoint one of their members to perform a similar part.

Hon. Thaddeus Stevens was selected to respond to the toast—"Congress of the United States" to be proposed at the banquet in the fair building on Monday evening.

The caucus had an interesting time in discussing the subject of removals from and appointments to office—various instances of what they characterized as gross injustice on the part of the President. The sentiment among them was that good men had been displaced to make room for bad ones. In view of this the caucus unanimously recommended that the Senate reject all nominations made merely on political grounds. Hon R P Spaulding said he had no doubt the Senate would reject all who ought to be rejected.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

Washington special despatches says that Secretary McCulloch has been quietly selling the Treasury gold for several days and that the matter will be a subject for Congressional discussion.

The Albany Argus says the survey ordered by the State of New York with reference to a ship's canal from the Hudson river to Lake Champlain, has shown the Scooth's project to be practicable. It will open up communication for a large class of vessels between Hudson river, Lake Champlain, the river St Lawrence and the great lakes.

The republican members of Congress had a caucus last night at the capital. Thad. Stevens presided. The question of appointments to and removals from office was discussed and a recommendation unanimously adopted that Congress reject all nominations made on merely political grounds.

In the Alabama House of Representatives yesterday Mr Brooks presented a bill to alter the Constitution of the State so as to admit of conditional negro suffrage, that a voter shall possess property to the amount of $200, be able to read the constitution of the State and of the United States and write with a legible hand—these conditions holding good also in the case of white men. Mr Brooks was closely identified with the confederate cause, having expended its last dollar in its support, and in presenting the bill said that he did so as a measure of policy and public good.

After considerable debate the bill was tabled.

A Washington despatch says it is now ascertained without a doubt that the object of the administration is not to exercise a protectorate over Mexico, but simply to make an alliance offensive and defensive with Juarez.

Certain well informed parties here assert that the grant of Lower California to American parties is the motive power of the whole affair.

MONTREAL, Dec. 1.

A force of volunteers has been ordered to Sweetsburg during the Fenian trials—part of them from Montreal and the remainder are detached from the Bedford battalion, which numbers twelve companies. All of the local companies are warned to be in readiness for service.

D'Arcy McGee at a recent speech in referring to the convicted Fenians said—

These men deserve death, but the spirit of the times is opposed to capital punishment when any other punishment can reach the case, and in these cases I hope it may be found possible to temper justice with mercy.

St. Andrews day passed off with great eclat. Sermons were preached in churches and concerts and speeches occupied the evening. The President stated that the Secretary had expended $18,000 during the last ten years in affording assistance to distressed countrymen.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The American Equal Rights Association will hold a convention in Cooper Institute in this city on the 6th and 7th insts. Many of the prominent supporters of the League including both sexes, are announced to be present.

The whiskey distillery of Wm. Pratt of Brooklyn, and running of 400 gallons daily, has been seized by the revenue officers for suspected evasion of the law.

A large number of persons assembled today to witness the launch of the Celestial Empire, the largest vessel ever built in the United States. They were disappointed, however. The vessel will be launched in a few days.

Abraham Tices of Brooklyn had his pocket picked of $460 last night at the Hamilton Ferry.

The European steamers to-day took out a full compliment of passengers. The advance of winter does not seem to check travel. It is expected that the Paris Exposition will increase the travel.

BUFFALO, Dec. 1.

In the swindling case, which has been on trial here all this week, the jury, after being out all night and this morning, entered the court room at 1:30 P. M., and the foreman stated that they could not agree upon any verdict.

The Court then discharged them.

A declaration by telegraph from Canada, that the black flag would be raised in case of another Fenian invasion, causes considerable indignation among the brotherhood. They declare their intention of going to Canada whether the condemned Fenians are hung or not.

A movement is said to be on foot here to send experienced officers who served in the late war to Ireland.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The Commercial publishes a cable dispatch but it contains nothing new being anticipated by that to the Associated Press some time ago.

The Commercial also publishes another cable despatch in a later edition, but is characterized by the same similarity of construction in every particular with the one published earlier by the press. Of course it contains no news.

TORONTO, Dec. 1.

Chief Justice Richards, in the Court of Common Pleas, announced yesterday that judgment would be given to-day in the case of the Fenian Slavin.

No mention is made in behalf of McMahon, in the Court of Queen's Bench, but this being the last day of the term, a decision is expected to-day also.

SWEETSBURG, C. E., Dec. 1.

The Fenian prisoners who were captured during the raid on the Missisque frontier in June last arrived here this afternoon to be tried at a special term of the Queen's Bench of the district of Bedford, which opens to-morrow, Judge Johnson presiding.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 2.

After a suspension of five years the Tennessee Institute for the deaf and dumb at Knoxville will again be opened for the reception of pupils on Monday next.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

Arrived—bark Emily, Messina; schooner Warita, Cardenas.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec 1.

In the State Senate, Mr. Higgins, of Halifax, introduced and carried a resolution allowing officers of the legislature ten, and members six dollars.

NEW YORK, Dec 1.

The steamships Bremen takes out $77,000, the City of Washington $140,000.

[By Cable to Associated Press.]

London, Dec. 1. There is a vague rumor that the chief organizer, Stephens, lately arrived in Paris, and is now secreted there.

It is reported on good authority that Mr. Bigelow, U. S. Minister at Paris, recently read to Napoleon in person, a very grave and decided despatch from Sec'y Seward.—This despatch, so the report goes, simplicitly required France to fulfill the engagements she entered into with regard to the Mexican question; the Emperor, however, made no reply.

Liverpool, Dec 1. The cotton market is without quotable change. The market for breadstuffs is somewhat easier, and corn declined to 39s for mixed Western. Pork declining.

London, Dec. 1. The money market is quiet and steady. Consols opened at 89¾ for money. American Securities (with the exception 5 20 bonds) have declined since the last report. The following are the current rates: U. S. 5 20s 70½c; Illinois Central R R. shares 76¾. Erie shares 46¼.

Liverpool, Dec. 1. The Cunard steamship Java, which sailed from Boston, Nov. 21st, arrived here this morning.

London, Dec. 1. Queen Victoria and suite went to Wolverhampton to-day, where she took the chief part in the ceremony of unveiling the statue of Prince Albert. Immense crowds of people were present, who extended an enthusiastic welcome to the Queen.

Disbon, Dec. 1st. The famous iron clad "Miantonomah" and six other vessels belonging to the U. S. Navy, are now riding at anchor in this harbor. It is ascertained, however, that they will sail in a few days, though their destination is unknown.

Berlin, Dec. 1st—Evening. U. S. 5-20s closed at the same price as at the opening.

London, Dec. 1st. It is denied that the English militia will go to Ireland. Martial law has been proclaimed in Limerick city and county, and arrests continue daily.

The Daily News fears that Lord Stanley has acquiesced in the refusal of France to give up Lamirande.

Paris, Dec. 1. The Journal Des Debats says that Rome will be evacuated on the 12th instant.

[Special Cable Despatch to N. Y. World.]

Trieste, Dec. 1. Advices received from Meramer report that the case of the Empress Carlotta is said by her consulting physicians to be hopeless.

Preparations are being made here to receive the Emperor Maximilian, who is expected to arrive in an Austrian war vessel, at an early date.

Paris, Dec. 1. The case of A R Macfils vs the United States, concerning the iron-clad vessels built for the Confederates, thro' Messrs. Erlanger, Slidell and Bullock, which came up before the first tribunal of the Seine, it is thought will be settled by arbitration.

The King of Prussia has decided to send Prince Adelbert—lately created an Admiral—to the United States to study the modern improvements in naval construction. The naval system of the United States will be adopted as a model in the formation of the Prussian service, rather than that of England.

Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1. Cotton quiet and steady—sales 900 bales; middling uplands 32¾. Flour dull, and 10@25 cts lower; sales 8,100 bbls.; State 7.55@11.20; Round Hoop Ohio 10.10@13.25; Western 7.55@12.00; Southern 11.10@18.25. Wheat 1@2 cts. lower; sales 21,000 bushels; Milwaukee, 2.06@2.18. Corn heavy, and 1@2c lower; sales 70,000 bush.; Mixed Western 1.18@1.19 for shipping in store and afloat, closing at 1.18. Pork dull, and drooping; sales 450 bbls at 21.25@21.50; Lard heavy and lower—sales 370 bbls, at 13¾@14. Groceries dull and quiet. Naval Stores quiet. Petroleum dull; Crude 21; Refined bonded 33@34. Tallow dull, and lower.

Freights to Liverpool firm.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

TEMPERANCE LECTURES. Mr. Ducher of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has delivered two interesting and forcible lectures here, announced on Saturday—one on Saturday evening and the other on Sunday evening, at City Hall. The first was not so well attended as it should have been—but at the second, we believe, he had a good house, although we were present only at the first. Mr. D. speaks from dire experience of the evils of intemperance—being a reformed inebriate—and addresses himself mainly to the work of convincing drinking men of the terrible danger of the habit. He relates many startling and many touching facts from his own experience and that of others—and goes into some formidable and also startling statistics of the ravages and dangers of drinking. He depicts the distressing and horrible features of delirium tremens in a dramatic and striking manner. Mr. D. speaks at Brewer this evening.

INSURANCE. At the annual meeting of the Board of Underwriters of the city of Bangor, held on the 28th inst., the following officers were elected for the current year:

President—Benjamin Plummer.

Secretary and Treasurer—Joseph W. Freeze.

Executive Committee—D. M. Howard, J. S. Chadwick, Oliver Plummer.

DAM AT TREAT'S FALLS. The necessary legal notice is given in our advertising columns of a petition to the Legislature to authorize the city of Bangor and town of Brewer to aid in the construction of a dam at or near Treat's Falls, by an appropriation of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars to be divided between Bangor and Brewer in proportion to their respective valuations, and to be a gratuity to the Company upon the completion of their undertaking.

—We regret to state that our respected fellow citizen, Mr. Simon J. Murphy, long known as one of our most energetic business men, is about to remove to Detroit to attend to his large lumbering interests in Michigan. He offers for sale his comfortable and genteel brick residence on State street.

—Juvenile classes in dancing were commenced at Getchell's new Dancing Hall Main street, on Wednesday last, under the charge of Mr. Frank A. Reynolds, long known as with Mr. Lunt in his dancing academy in years past.

THE SPRAGUE PURCHASE AT AUGUSTA. We are informed that the Kennebec Company, owning the factory and dam property at Augusta, have a real estate equal to about fifty acres in extent. Mr. Sprague has required about three hundred additional acres, making three hundred and fifty in all. The cost of this additional quantity of land is three hundred and fifteen thousand dollars, of which Mr. Sprague pays $150,000. The remaining $165,000 is paid by the city of Augusta. The price per acre is one thousand and fifty dollars.

BANK LIABILITIES. The following are the Maine banks whose charters have expired and whose term of liability for circulation was extended last winter for one year, viz., until March 1st, 1867—as stated by the Bank Commissioners, Messrs. Robbins and Webb, in an advertisement published in our paper of Thursday:

Augusta B'k, at Augusta.
Bath Bank, at Bath.
Bank of Somerset, at Skowhegan.
Bank of Winthrop, at Winthrop.
Freemans Bank, at Augusta.
Granity B'k, at Augusta.
International Bank, at Portland.
Kenduskeag Bank, at Bangor.
Long Reach Bank, at Bath.
Lewiston Falls Bank, at Lewiston.
Marine Bank, at Damariscotta.
Northern Bank, at Hallowell.
Oakland Bank, at Gardiner.
Orono Bank, at Orono.
Skowhegan Bank, at Skowhegan.

THE MAINE CENTRAL. Among the projects which will come before the next Legislature will be a petition of the Maine Central Railroad, which runs from Bangor and connects with the Grand Trunk at Danville Junction, to be permitted to cut loose from that road and build an independent line into Portland, or to connect with the Portland and Kennebec at some intermediate point.—I am oddly surprised that the petition has not been made before, as the disadvantages to the Main Central road by the present arrangement are very great. It is understood that the consolidation scheme of last winter will be pushed again before the next Legislature.—[Augusta Con. Boston Adv.

—The Bath Times establishment, daily and weekly, has been sold by the widow of the late proprietor, Mrs. Lincoln, to Messrs E. Upton and H. A. Shorey, who appear with their salutatory card in the paper of Saturday. They are both practical, energetic men and will make the paper interesting and valuable.

—The Masonic Hall at Augusta will be dedicated to-morrow, Dec. 4th, by Bethlehem Lodge, F. & A. M., and Trinity Commandery K. T., the ceremonies being conducted by Grand Master T. J. Murray of Portland, assisted by D. D. G. M. James M. Larrabee of Gardiner.

—The Mattawamkeng Log Driving Company will make application at the coming session of the Legislature for authority to construct dams and booms upon the Mattawamkeag river, and for such other additional powers as may be necessary to secure a fund for the payment of the same, and a uniform assessment and collection of tolls.

DIRECTIONS FOR CLEANSING MARBLE TABLES, GRAVESTONES, &c. Scour the marble, using fine salt instead of sand, moistening the salt just a little. Rinse with cold water and polish with a piece of wash leather. Flannel would answer almost as well as the wash leather. A lady, who received this receipt from a marble manufacturer, says she has proved it effectually.

—A Society has been organized in Carmel, under the title of the Carmel Excelsior Society, the objects of which are the physical, moral and mental improvement of its members. Liberal contributions have been made for the purchase of a library, physiological plates, mineralogical specimens, &c.

—The Hallowell Gazette is confident that the familiar scriptural injunction,—"Let your light so shine", &c.,—has special and direct reference to the subject of advertising. How can a man's light be made to shine in this age, except by setting it in a newspaper where it will light the whole country?

—The Press says that the depot master on the Portland and Kennebec Railroad, at the station at Morrill's Corner, Westbrook, was severely injured on Tuesday last by being jammed between two cars which he was shackling. He was taken to Brunswick, where he belonged.

—Mr. John Sears, foreman of the St. Croix Courier office, was seriously injured on the 19th ult., while removing a press.—The Courier says his arm was severely cut and bruised, a portion of the press falling upon it.

—The Press says steps are being taken to plant a Lincoln Memorial Tree on the High School grounds in Portland. The funds to defray its cost came to Mayor McLellan in an anonymous note, shortly after the murder of the President.

—The Cumberland Bone Company, organized by an association of Maine farmers, turns out four or five hundred tons annually of Super-phosphate of Lime for agricultural purposes, and which finds a ready sale.

—A Western editor repels the gift of a bottle of spruce beer, on the ground that it is contrary to the rules of the profession to tell a dollar and a half lie for six and a quarter cents.

—The Maine Farmer says no less than seven dams are built on a small stream within Wilton village, and there is room for two more; probably there is no other place in Maine where so small an amount of water is turned to so good an account.

We think the Megunticook stream in Camden is about as well utilized as that at Wilton—or will be soon. There are as many as five or six dams, we think, within a mile or two, and chance enough for others.

EMBARGO ON STEAMERS. The storm of Thursday night and Friday morning placed an embargo on the steamers. The New England, for St. John, arrived here at her usual time Thursday afternoon, from Boston, but laid over on account of the storm until last night. The New Brunswick from St. John for this port, put back to Eastport, where she remained yesterday. The Katahdin and Lady Lang from Bangor, the former for Boston, the latter for this port, were at Rockland yesterday. The Lady Lang will leave this port for Bangor at 9 o'clock this evening.—[Press, Saturday.

FALL OF WALLS. A portion of the side wall of John Neal's building being erected on Exchange street fell Thanksgiving morning. The accident was occasioned by the soft condition of the mortar.

A part of the end wall of the Bethel church on Fore street, now being rebuilt, was blown over by the heavy wind yesterday afternoon. [Argus.

FIRE AT GRAY. Our correspondent in Gray informs us that the store occupied by Mr. Marshall Morse, at Dry Mills, was destroyed by fire on the morning of the 28th ult. The goods and building were totally destroyed. Loss estimated at $2500, which was partially covered by insurance. A part of the building was occupied as a postoffice, the loss of which was trifling.—[Press.

—The Augusta correspondent of the Boston Advertiser says:

The railroad bridge over the Kennebec at this city was endangered by a fire which broke out in one of a group of wooden buildings on Water street. The floods of water poured upon the flames by our steam fire engine confined the damage to the upper part of the building in which the fire originated, and the loss was slight.

—The steamer New England makes her last trip for the season, on the Portland and St. John route, on Monday, Dec. 10th. The steamer New Brunswick will be kept on the route thtough the winter.

HOWARD'S FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

ABSTRACT OF THE STATEMENT
—OF THE—
Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,
NOVEMBER 1, 1866,
Made to the Secretary of the State of Maine, in compliance with Law.

Capital Stock, all paid in,		$1,000,000 00
ASSETS.		
Cash and Cash Items,	155,894 61	
Loans, well secured,	15,544 54	
Real Estate, unincumbered, cash value,	75,000 00	
U. S. and Bank Stocks, Bonds, &c.,	1,382,741 25	
		$1,627,090 40
LIABILITIES.		
Unadjusted Losses,	$105,438 05	
Amount at risk October 1st, 1866,	$105,851,193 00	
TIMO. C. ALLYN, Pres't.		
GEO. M. COIT, Secretary.		

Sworn to before me:
GEO. SUMNER, Notary Public.
D. M. HOWARD,
Agent and Attorney for this Company.
Office, 96 Exchange Street.

ABSTRACT OF THE STATEMENT
OF
Home Insurance Company,
New Haven, November 1st, 1866.

CAPITAL STOCK,		$1,000,000.
ASSETS.		
Cash on hand and loaned on call,		$ 57,388 91
Amount loaned on Mortgages,		29,650 00
United States Securities,		298,840 00
State Bonds,		70,350 00
Bank Stocks,		205,325 00
Cash loaned on Stocks and Bonds,		10,200 00
Real Estate owned by Co.,		75,000 0
Cash in hands of Agents,		150,000 00
Interest accrued,		48,500 00
Premiums due and unpaid on Fire Risks,		47,289 73
Premiums due and unpaid on Inland Trans. Risks,		85,166 69
Other Investments,		17,034 95
Bill Receivable,		16,119 13
Due from Non-resident Stockholders for Taxes,		1573 00
Am't loaned without collateral and due for rents,		2,122 52
Fire and Inland Salvages estimated at		48,587 13
		$1,170,294 05
LIABILITIES.		
Losses unadjusted,		27,100 00

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each fiscal year ending November 1-t, since the organization of the Company:

PREMIUMS RECEIVED.		LOSSES PAID.	
1860,	$29,828 96	1860,	$8,930 00
1861,	72,829 79	1861,	49,027 43
1862,	147,224 03	1862,	83,513 92
1863,	241,091 79	1863,	151,345 23
1864,	429,049 22	1864,	270,327 12
1865,	652,541 33	1865,	470,471 96
1866,	1,306,786 34	1866,	1,062,624 93

D. R. SATTERLEE, Pres't.
WM. S. GODELL, Sec'y.
Sworn to before me,
SAMUEL L. BRONSON,
Justice of the Peace.
D. M. HOWARD,
Agent and Attorney for this Company,
Office, 96 Exchange Street.

ABSTRACT OF THE STATEMENT
—OF THE—
Putnam Fire Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
On the first day of November, 1866, Made to the State of Maine.

Capital Stock, all paid up,			$500,000 00
ASSETS.			
Real Estate,	$65,000 00		
Less incumbrance,	30,000 00		$35,000 00
Cash on hand and in Bank,	55,453 76		
Cash in hands of agents and in course of transmission,	38,050 89		93,504 64
Bills Receivable for Loans, secured by collateral security,	173,922 50		
Bills Receivable for Loans, secured by Real Estate,	61,662 06		235,584 56
		Mk't val.	
United States Bonds, 7-30s,	11,342 00		
United States Bonds, Sixes of 1881,	28,562 50		39,904 50
Wisconsin State Bonds,	5,000 00		
Virginia State Bonds,	13,500 00		18,500 00
114 shares Farmers & Mechanics' Bank, Hartford,	15,048 00		
280 shares American National Bank, Hartford,	16,800 00		
300 shares Fourth National Bank, New York,	33,000 00		
300 shares Imp's & Traders Nat. Bank, New York,	34,500 00		
100 shares Am. Exchange Nat. Bank, New York,	11,800 00		
150 shares Bowery National Bank, New York	15,750 00		126,893 00
101 shares Hartford & New Haven R. R. Co.,			18,180 00
Accumulated Interest, Rents, and Office Furniture,			8,483 74
			$576 055 44
Total amount of Risk,			$25,628,764 08
Total amount of Liabilities,			83,536 48

S. M'L WOODRUFF, Pres't.
DANIEL BUCK, Sec'y.
Sworn to before
HENRY L. WATSON, Justice of the Peace.
D. M. HOWARD,
Agent and Attorney for this Company.
Office, 96 Exchange Street.

Abstract of the Annual Statement
OF THE
City Fire Insurance Comp'y,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
On the 1st day of November, 1866,
TO THE STATE OF MAINE.

The Capital Stock of the Company all paid up is	$250,000 00
Cash assets of the Co.,	382,266 27
New York Bank Stocks,	54,486 06
Hartford " "	44,850 00
Boston " "	43,250 00
Government Securities,	20,565 00
Bonds—State, City and Water,	10,150 00
Railroad Bonds,	32,663 00
Cash on hand and in Bank,	29,162 75
In hands of Agents and in transitu,	31,143 75
Loans on Mortgage—Real Estate,	72,720 00
Accrued interest on investments payable Nov. 1	2,838 56
Loans on collateral and office furniture,	1,230 37
	$382,266 27
Amount from Notes,	None.
Amount of outstanding losses,	$35,562 65
All other Liabilities,	None.

O. T. WEBSTER, President.
GEO. W. LESTER, Secretary.
Sworn to before me, JOHN. D. TUCKER,
Justice of the Peace.
D. M. HOWARD,
Agent and Attorney for this Company,
Office 96 Exchange Street.

ABSTRACT OF THE STATEMENT
OF THE
North American Fire Ins. Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
To the Secretary of the State of Maine, November 1st, 1866.

Capital Stock all paid in,		$300,000 00
Assets,		382,180 97
As follows, viz:		
Government Securities and State Bonds,	$232,410 00	
New York Bank Stocks,	30,800 45	
Hartford " "	43,013 00	
Boston, " "	17,032 00	
Railroad, " "	23,310 00	
Bills Receivable, secured by Mortgage Stocks,	11,035 00	
Cash on hand and in hands of Agents and in transitu,	19,879 35	
All other property of the Co.	5,256 62	
	$382,180 97	
LIABILITIES.		
Losses unpaid,	$22,508 10	
All other claims against the Company,	11,403 21	
	$33,911 31	

JAS. G. BOLLES, President.
WM. C. HASTINGS, Secretary.
Sworn to before me, J. D. PIERCE,
Notary Public.
D. M. HOWARD,
Agent and Attorney for this Company,
Office, 96 Exchange Street.

December 1 1w

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!

OF NEW YORK,

Established Feb. 1, 1843.

ABSTRACT FROM THE

23d Annual Report

ENDING FEBRUARY 1, 1866.

Whole Amt. Insurance, Feb. 1st, 1866,		$91,244,868 92
Insured for the year past,	31,394,507 00	
Gross Cash Assets Feb. 1, 1866,	14,885,278 88	
Cash receipts for the year	3,853,065 80	
Dividend Feb. 1, 1866,	2,975,388 58	
Undivided Surplus after providing for all Liabilities,	1,218,649 42	
Cash in Bank drawing 4 per cent.,	1,475 899 82	
Bonds and Mortgages,	7,348,622 30	
United States Stocks, (cost)	4,468,321 25	
Real Estate,	782,307,34	
Other Securities enumerated in Annual Rep't,	859,528 17	

Cash Assets Oct. 1, 1866.

$18,000,000

REASONS

FOR INSURING IN THE

MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.

1st. *Its age.* It is the oldest purely Mutual Life Insurance Company in this country, having began business before any other such Company.

Largest Assets.

2d. *Its Assets are much the largest of any Life Insurance Company in this country.*

Its cash assets January 1st, 1866, were $14,338,531.51, being $1,460,022.12 more than the *gross* assets of any other Company, and being $7,693,923.43 more than the *cash* assets of any other Life Insurance Company in this country. (See Report of Hon. Wm. Barnes, Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, for 1866.)

Safest Investments.

3d. *Its assets are invested in the safest and best of securities.*

Largest Surplus.

4th. *Its surplus, above its liabilities, is the largest of any American Life Insurance Company.* (See aforesaid State Report for 1866, or any other year.) Surplus January 1st, 1866, $3,531,038.67.

Largest Amount Insured.

5th. *The amount insured in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, is larger than that of any other Life Insurance Company in this country*—Amount Insured January 1st, 1866, $84,667,265.75. (See aforesaid Report for 1866.)

Largest Income.

6th. *Its income for the past year* (1865) *was larger than that of any other American Life Insurance Company.*

Profits.

7th. *Its profits all belong to the assured.* There are no Stockholders to take a share (often the Lion's share) of the profits.

Largest Dividends.

8th. *The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has declared the largest dividends of any Life Insurance Company in this country.*

Dividends Paid Annually.

9th. *Its dividends are declared and paid annually,* BEGINNING ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF THE POLICY.

Dividends Progressive.

10th. *Its dividends are distributed in the most equitable manner.* The dividends of the Mutual Life are simply the re-titution of surplus premiums, in the proportion overpaid by each person. They are comparatively moderate at the first, but rapidly increase each year, until they exceed the annual premium paid, so that the policy holder has no more premiums to pay, and still the amount for which he is insured constantly increases. The dividend of Feb. 1, 1866, amounted to *80 per cent.* on premiums paid by those who had been insured thirteen years, and to *over 100 per cent.* to all who had been insured over eighteen years.

Lower Rates.

11th. *Its rates of premiums are generally lower than those of other Companies.

Whig & Courier

THAT CITY.

I know her walls are jasper, her palaces are fair,
And to the sound of harpists the saints are singing there;
I know that living waters flow under fruitful trees,
But ah! to make my heaven it needeth more than these.

Read on the sacred story; what more doth it unfold,
Besides the pearly gateways and the streets of shining gold?
No temple hath that city, for none is needed there;
No sun nor moon enlighteneth; can darkness, then be fair?

Ah! now the glad revealing, the crowning joy of all;
What need of other sunlight where God is all in all?
He fills the wide ethereal with glory, all his own,
He whom my soul adoreth, the lamb amid the throne.

O, heaven without a Savior would be no heaven to me;
Dark were the walls of jasper, rayless the crystal sea;
He gilds earth's darkest valley with light and joy and peace;
What then, must be the radiance when night and death shall cease?

Speed on, O lagging moments! Come birthday of the soul!
How long the night appeareth: the hours, how slow they roll!
How sweet the welcome summons that greets the willing bride!
And when mine eyes behold Him I shall be satisfied.

Mr. Kasby has a Special Church Service.

The "Lait pastor" of the church of the "Noo Dispensashun" tells us that he deemed it proper in view of the great calamity, the elections, to hold a special service in his church, and that he preached a sermon on that occasion. After setting forth that the sad result was "a obsistem sent onto us for our sins in permitting niggers to run about free, and allowin skools to come in and unfit em for their normal and skriptural condishen," he continued:

My brethren, go to Esq. McGavitt's and get the township Bible and search till you find this yer tex:

"And no man putteth new wine into old bottles, else the new wine doth burst the old bottles, and the wine is spilled."

My brethren, wich is the buttles? The Dimocrisy, uv course, and the most uv em may be considered old ones. We hev acted as bottles, carrying about floods, not precisely wine, but the modern substitute therefor, from our earliest infancy. Wich is new wine? The Ablishanists wich followed Johnson, uv coarse. New wine is frothy—so wuz they. New wine fizzes—so did they. New wine hez strength for a minit—so hed they. New wine is unreliable—so wuz they. At Philadelphia, the puttin uv this new wine into old bottles wuz accomplished—at that accursed place, Ashent Dimocrisy which beleeves in Ham and Hagar, met and felt onto the nec uv Seward and Doolittle, wich invented Ablishinism, and we mingled our tears together—the new wine wuz put into the venerable old bottles uv the Dimocrisy, and notwithstandin we hooped it with Federal patronage it busted, and great was the bust thereof; and the fragments uv the bottles wuz prone onto the earth, and the new wine is runnin round permiscus. So wuz the Skripter fulfilled."

"No man also sewoth a piece uv old cloth onto a new garment, else the new pieces that filleth it up taketh it away from the old, and the rent is made worse."

My hearers, Democrisy went to Philadelphy in a soot uv gray, wich it hed bin a wearin for five years. It wuz trooly old and thar was grevious rents in it, made mostly by bayonets and sich. Oh, why wuznt we content to wear it? Why wuz we not satisfied with it? Again wuz the skriptures fulfilled. We patched up the Confederit gray with Federal blue; we put onto the back, Seward; onto the knees, Randall; onto the shoulders, Cowan; and onto the seat, Johnson; and they wuz stitched together with Postoffices. But it didn't hold. The skripters wuz fulfilled—the old cloth wuz rotten, and one by one patches fell off, somewhat dirted, and taken with em a part uv the old, and the rents is bigger than before. Our coat is busted at the elbows, our pants frayed round the bottom, out at the knees, and from behind the flag uv distress waveth drearily in the cold wind.

My brothren, we will succeed when we stick to our integrity. Wat wuz the yoose uv our assomin what we did not hev? Wat wuz the yoose uv lettin go our holt on nigger equalite, which is the right bower, left bower and ace uv the Democrisy, its tower uv strength, its anker and cheefest trust, and wich is easy of comprehension and eminiontly adapted to the Democratic intellect, and takin up questions which will all be settled ten years afore they begin to comprehend em? In breef, wat wuz the sense, my brethen, in puttin new wine in old bottles, uv patchin old cloth with new. Let us be warned and never repeat the fatal error."

The Great Showman Discourseth upon Animals.

The leopard is as lively a animal as I ever come in contact with. It is troo he cannot change his spots, but you can change 'em for him with a paint brush, as I once did in the case of a leopard who wasn't naturally spotted in a attractive manner. In exhibitin' him I used to stir him up in his cage with a protracted pole, and for the purpose of making him yell and kick up in a lepardy manner I used to casionally whack him over the head. This would make the children inside the booth scream with fright which would make fathers of families outside the booth very anxious to come in—because there is a large class of parents who have a uncontrollable passion for takin their children to places where they stand a chance of being frightened to death.

One day I whacked the leopard more than usual, which elisited a remonstrance from a tall gentleman in spectacles, who said, 'My good man, do not beat the poor caged animal. Rather fondle him.'

'I'll fondle him with a club,' I anserd, hitting him another whack.

'I prethy desist,' said the gentleman; stand aside, and see the effeck of kindness. I understand the idiotsyncrasies of these creeturs better than you do.' With that he went up to the cage, and thrusting his face in between the bars, he said, soothingly, 'come hither, pretty creature,' the pretty creature come hithered rayther speedy, and seized the gentleman by the whiskers, which he tore off about enuff to stuff a small cushion with.

He said, 'you vagabond, I'll have you indicted for exhibitin dangerous and immoral beasts.'

I replied, 'Gentle Sir, there isn't a animal here that hasn't a beautiful moral, but you musn't fondle 'em. You musn't meddle with the idiotsyncracies.'

The gentleman was a dramatic cricket, and he wrote a article for the paper, in wich he said my entertainment was a decided failure.

As regards bears, you can teach them anything, but they are unreliable. I had a very large grizzly bear once, who would dance, and larf, and bow his head in grief, and give a mournful wale, steadily. But he often anoyed me. I will relate a incident in the career of this retched bear. I used to present what I called in the bills A beautiful Living Picture—showing the Bear's fondness for his Master, in which I'd lay down on a piece of carpeting, and the Bear would cease, and lay down beside me, resting his right paw on my brest, the band playin 'Home, Sweet Home,' very soft and slow. Altho' I say it in a vain, touchin thing to see. I've seen Tax Collectors weep over that performance.

Well one day I said, 'Ladies and Gents, we will now show you the Bear's fondness for his master,' and I larfed and laid down. I tho't I observed a peculiar expression into his eyes, as he rolled, clumsily toward me, but I didn't dream of the scene which follered. He laid down and put his paw on my brest.

'Affection of the Bear for his Master,' I repeated. 'You see the Monarch of the Western Wilds in a subjugated state. Fierce as these animals naturally are, we now see that they have hearts and can love. This bear the largest in the world, and measurin seventeen feet round the body, loves me as a mother loves her child.' But what was my horror when the grizzly infamous Bear threw his other paw under me, and riz with me to his feet. Then clasping me in a close embrace he waltzed with me up and down the platform in a frightful manner, I yellin with fear and anguish. To make matters wuss, a low scurrilus young man in the audiens hollered out, 'Playfulness of the Bear! Quick modsic!' I jest escaped with my life. The Bear met with a violent death the next day, by being in the way when a heavily loaded gun was fired off by one of my men.

But you should hear my Essay which I wrote for the Social Meetins. It would have had a muvin effeck on them.

I feel that I must now conclood.

Let all be happy and live within our means, even if we have to borrow money to do it with.

Very respectfully Yours
ARTEMUS WARD.

The first newspaper in this country was issued from a press in Boston, on the 25th of September, 1690. Its publication was declared by Colonial Legislature contrary to law, as it contained "reflections of a very high character," and a second number was never printed. In the same year, Governor Fletcher of New York, caused an account of an engagement with the French, to be reprinted from the London Gazette. The first number of the Boston News Letter, appeared on Monday, April 24th, 1704. Its size was twelve inches by eight; with two columns on each page. It was published for seventy-two years, ceasing in 1776, with British rule. Next came the Boston Gazette, in 1719, and the N. E. Courant, published by Franklin, in the same year. In 1776, seven newspapers were published in Massachusetts, one in New Hampshire, two in Rhode Island, four in Connecticut, four in New York and in Pennsylvania, two each in Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina, three in South Carolina, and one in Georgia. In New York the Evening Post was founded in 1801; the Herald by Bennet in 1835; the Tribune by Greely in 1841 and the Times by Raymond in 1850.

Of the 4057 papers and periodicals published in the United States in 1860, 3,242 were political in character, 198 devoted exclusively to literature; 277 to religion and theology, while 234 were classed as miscellaneous. Their total circulation amounted to 927,951,648, or at the rate of 34 copies to each white person in the Union. Of this total circulation the three States of New York, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts, furnished more than half the aggregate amount.

A Great Curiosity.—We have often heard of the "honey bee" of Texas, but the account seeming so romantic we have heretofore hardly been able to credit it, yet as we now have a specimen before us, furnished by our friend Lee Smith, of this city, we can no longer have doubts on the subject. These ants are a medium size, large and the small red ants, and are of a reddish brown color. Appended to the rear of each one is a translucent sack or globe, filled with pure, clean honey, of a most delicious flavor. The sack varies in sizes of buckshot and a common navy pistol ball, are attached, and width of half a grain of rice, and of a dark color, evidently to strengthen it and keep it in shape. Those interesting animals, when they crawl, draw their delicious load after them, and if the sack is opened the honey runs out, and they set themselves to work to replenish it again. Whether they deposit this honey in their great general reservoir among the rocks, to draw from it as occasion may require, or hold and use it as individual property, we are not informed. Here is a curiosity that we believe has hitherto escaped the eye and pen of our celebrated naturalists.—*San Antonio Ledger.*

Button-Holes on Both Sides.—A gentleman in Charleston, who entertained a good deal of company at dinner, had a black as an attendant, who was a native of Africa, and could never be taught to hand things invariably to the left hand of the guests at the table. At length, his master thought of an infallible expedient to direct him, and as the coats were then worn in Charleston single-breasted, in the present Quaker fashion, he told him always to hand the plate to the button-hole side. Unfortunately, however, for the poor fellow, on the day after he had received this lesson, there was among the guests at dinner, a foreign gentleman, with a double-breasted coat, and he was for a while completely at a stand. He looked first at one side of the coat, then at the other, and finally, quite confounded at the outlandish make of the stranger's garment, he cast a despairing look at his master, and excisimlog in a loud voice, "Button-holes on both sides, massa," handed the plate right over the gentleman's head.

Editors write some remarkably truthful paragraphs sometimes but never yet has one compressed so much truth in so small a compass as the one who penned the following which we find credited merely to an exchange:—"Editing a newspaper is a good deal like making a fire. Everybody supposes that he can do a little better than anybody else. We have seen people doubt their fitness for apple peddling, but in all our experience we never met with that individual who did not think he could double the circulation of any paper in two months."

Amber, so extensively employed as mouthpieces for meerschaum pipes and segar-holders, is believed to be a fossilized vegetable gum or resin. Anciently a fabulous origin was attributed to it. As it was found on the sea shore after a storm, it was said to be the solidified tears of the sisters of Phaeton or of sea nymphs. It is of a yellowish color frequently streaked with milky white, the yellow color being semi-transparent. Those specimens which have a clouded-milky appearance are the most highly valued as the clear yellow can be imitated by recent and cheaper gums. It is singularly electrical, when rubbed, developing negative electricity to such a degree that in manufacturing it into the forms in which it is sold the workmen are sometimes effected with nervous tremors and they are obliged frequently to change the pieces they handle.

It is found on the Baltic coast of Prussia, either washed ashore after a gale, or entangled in masses of seaweed. It is found in this country at Amboy, N. J., at Gay Head, Martha's Vineyard, and Cape Sable in Maryland.

Fast Walking by Women.—Dr. Carlyle, of Interesk, whose memories were recently published, in writing of the Fisherrow women of his time, says:

"When the boats came late to the harbor in the forenoon, so as to leave them no more than time to reach Edinburg before dinner, it is not unusual for them to perform their journey of five miles by relays, three of them being employed in carrying one basket, and shifting it from one to another every hundred yards, by which means they have been known to arrive at the fish market in less than three quarters of an hour. It is a well known fact, that three of these women went from Dunbar to Edinburg, a distance of twenty seven miles, with each of them a load of herrings on her back of 200 pounds, in five hours."

Anecdote of Lord Brougham.—The noble Lord was pleading before the Court at Queen's Bench, and had labored in vain for some hours to convince the judges of the force of his arguments. He was much irritated at his failure, and had already begun to grumble at their dullness. When the time for recess came on, Lord Brougham went out and was seen drinking the last drop of two pints of porter. "That's a bad thing to do," said one of his friends, who noticed the act, "it will make you stupid." "It's just what I'm trying to do," was the sarcastic reply; "I shall now be able to discuss my case more on a par with the judges."

How to Cleanse a Cistern.—A simple thing I have accidentally learned, and if not generally known, ought to be, relating to stagnant, odorous waters in cisterns. Many persons know how annoying this sometimes becomes. After frequent cleaning and other experiments, all to no permanent utility, I was advised to put, say two pounds, caustic soda in water, and it purified it in a few hours. Since then, when I tried what is called concentrated lye, I had quite as good a result. One or both these articles can be obtained at any druggist's.—Exchange.

The Paris Charivari has a picture of the Atlantic Telegraph Company. The telegrapher: "What in the deuce is the meaning of this?—Dog? a dispatch dated Dog?"—"Why, you see I did not want to say New Found Land, because that would be fifteen dollars, so I wrote Dog to save ten dollars."

BUSINESS CARDS.

WAR CLAIMS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Promptly collected on the most liberal terms,
By Perkins & Smith,
Office—21 West End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BANGOR, MAINE.
NATHAN L. PERKINS, | DANIEL SMITH, Jr.

NATHAN L. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office as above. may 31

The Best Assortment
—OF—
Choice Family Groceries,
TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE,
FOR SALE AT THE
MUTUAL STORE.
June 21—6md.

John B. Williams & Co.,
Saddle and Harness Manufacturers,
EXCHANGE-ST., 2d door from State Street, - - - BANGOR.
Constantly on hand and made to order all kinds of Plain and Single Harnesses. Also, Riding Saddles, Saddle Pads, Webbings, Blankets and Surcingles, Sweat Collars, Trunks, Valises, &c' &c.
Repairing and Oiling Harnesses done with neatness and despatch.
JOHN B. WILLIAMS. JA'S W. WILLIAMS.
Bangor, Sept. 10, 1866 3m

Co-Partnership Notice.
We have admitted FRED. H. SMITH, as a partner in our business, which will be conducted under the style of HOLMES & SMITH, after this date, at the new store corner of Washington and Exchange streets.
J. R. HOLMES & CO.
Bangor, August 24th, 1866.

HOLMES & SMITH,
DEALERS IN
SHIP STORES,
AND CHANDLERY,
Chains and Anchors, Cordage, Shingle and Lath Yarn, Duck, Naval Stores, Paints, Oils, and Varnishes;
Corn, Flour, Philadelphia Beef, W. I. Goods.
And Choice Family Groceries of all Kinds,
AT THE NEW STORE,
Corner Washington & Exchange Sts., Bangor, Me.
☞ Agents for the Russell Mills Cotton Duck.
We are prepared to furnish vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates. sept 15

BOWEN & JOHNSTON,
DEALERS IN
SHIP STORES
AND
CHANDLERY,
No. 12 Exchange Street.
George Bowen, T. K. Johnston.
We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.
march 13 tf

J. H. CLERGUE

BARBER,
—AND—
Ladies' and Gents' Wig-Maker,
Has removed to No. 110 Exchange St., over Blood & Rowe's.
dec22 Ladies' Entrance No. 115.

PUMP AND BLOCK MANUFACTORY!
The Subscriber continues to Manufacture
Ship Blocks & Pumps,
Well Pumps made, and warranted to work easy and give satisfaction.
Repairing done in all branches, at short notice.
JOHN C. YOUNG,
—ly No. 73 Broad Street, Bangor.

Wheeler & Wilson's
LOCK-STITCH
SEWING MACHINES,
These unequalled machines are adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest clothes. They work equally well upon silk, linen, woollen, and cotton goods, with silk, cotton, or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, roll, cord, braid, bind, and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.
The qualities which recommend the Wheeler & Wilson Machines are:
1. Beauty and excellence of stitch, alike on both sides of the fabric sewed.
2. Strength, firmness, and durability of seam, that will not rip nor ravel.
3. Economy of thread,
4. Its attachments and wide range of application to purposes and materials.
5. Compactness and elegance of model and finish
6. Simplicity and thoroughness of construction.
7. Speed, ease of operation and management, and quietness of movement.
CHARLES HALE,
SOLE AGENT.
oct 25 MATh 3m 24 Main St., Bangor.

LIME.
Hale's lime received fresh every week. For sale wholesale and retail by
may 9 JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPY.
Which is the Best Company to Insure in?
The Massachusetts Commissioners, in presenting their Eleventh Annual Report to the Legislature of that State, say: "More than a million of persons belonging to the cream of our population are directly interested in this question." In no State is the ground better canvassed, and the character of the Companies more fully understood, than in Massachusetts. Nowhere are the Commissioners' reports so freely distributed and closely scrutinized.
The New Business of the four leading Companies in the city of Boston for 1864 was as follows:

New York Life, N.Y,	$1,232,600
Mutual Life,	830,500
Mutual Benefit, N J.,	256,500
Connecticut Mutual, Ct,	174,350

New Business of Same for 1865.

Company.	Amount insured.	Premiums paid.	No. Agts. 1865:
New York Life,	$2,282,500	$129,391 34	1
Mutual Life,	1,852,000	76,287 62	4
Connecticut Mutual	313,100	28,702 99	1
Mutual Benefit,	not given	54,164 69	1

New Business in the whole State of Massachusetts in 1865.

Company.	Amount insured.	Premiums paid.	No. Agts.
New York Life,	$2,918,000	$153,193 53	3
Mutual Life,	2,847,495	138,283 83	26
Connecticut Mut'l	1,030,706	49,91 32	16
Mutual Benefit,	not given.	74,849 99	7

The solid men of Massachusetts, as shown above, say the NEW YORK LIFE is the best.

SUICIDE
Does not cause a forfeiture of the Policy in this Company, (which is not the case with any other Company in America.
We have the Reports of the Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts, showing the standing of all the Insurance Companies in the country, and persons desirous of ascertaining the standing of any of these Companies with a view to insurance, can have access to those Reports.
Dividends are, and always have been, declared Annually.
Dividend Declared January, 1866,
FIFTY PER CENT.
Hallowell & Farnham,
AGENTS.
Custom House Building.
A. R. HALLOWELL, A. B. FARNHAM.
November 15, 1866.

PROTECTION
—TO—
Farmers and Owners
—OF—
STOCK!
The Hartford Live Stock
Insurance Comp'y,
HARTFORD, - - - CONNECTICUT,
Capital $500,000,
CHARTER PERPETUAL,
INSURES
LIVE STOCK
AGAINST
DEATH & THEFT!
At Moderate Rates of Premium.

POLICIES WRITTEN
BY
B. Plummer & Sons,
General Agents,
OFFICE,
Corner Hammond St. & West Market Square.
Bangor, October 29th, 1866.

FAIRBANKS'
Premium Standard
SCALES,
Made of the best materials, in the most thorough manner, and receiving CONSTANT IMPROVEMENTS under the supervision of THE ORIGINAL INVENTOR.
Every variety, as Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform and Counter Scales, for Druggists, Confectioners', Butchers', Grocers', and Gold Seaters. Beams, Spring Balances, &c., for sale at our Warehouse,
118 MILK STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
Agents for sale of
Tilton & Mc Farland's Safes, White's Patent Money Drawer, and Cresson's Gas Regulators.
For sale in Bangor by E. S. MORRISON & CO.
October 2—3m

Choice Brands Flour!
COLE'S "XXFG"
TIEDMAN'S
AND PLANT'S.
CHOICE OOLONG AND JAPAN TEA.
Just received a fine lot of
MEEN R'S Dairy CHEESE.
HARRIS & CONNER,
July 18, 1 53 West Market Sqr

WANTED!
10,000 Bushels Barley!!
Highest Price Paid,
—BY—
NASH & BABB,
oct 9—tf *NO. 8 MERCANTILE SQUARE.*

HAY!
First Quality Pressed Hay for Sale.
Inquire of
T. HERSEY,
sept 18 No. 20 Main Street.

DYE COLORS.—Liquid Dyes at wholesale by
nov. 10 A. F. BRADBURY.

ST. XAVIER'S CONVENT
OF THE
SISTERS OF MERCY,
BANGOR, MAINE.
This Spacious and Beautiful Institution is located in a very healthful part of one of the first and most populous cities of the State. It offers superior attractions to parents desirous of giving their children a *solid* and *refined education*. They may be assured that every necessary attention will be paid to the *health* and *comfort* of the pupils. The utmost care will be taken to cultivate their *moral* and *religious principles* which alone render education profitable in after life.
The educational course comprises every *useful* and *ornamental* branch suitable for Young Ladies.
Difference of Religion will not be regarded in the admission of pupils who are willing to conform to the general regulations.
The Scholastic Year is divided into two sessions, the first of which commences on the FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER. No entrance fees.

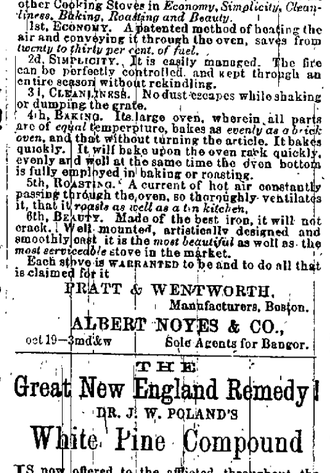
TERMS.

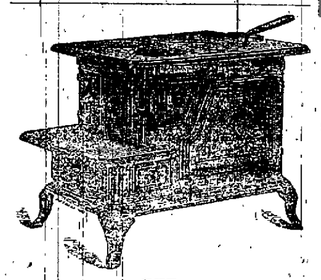
Board and Tuition, per Session, payable in advance,	$75 00
Terms for Day Pupils, per Quarter,	00

EXTRA.

Music, with use of Piano, per Quarter.		14 00
Vocal,	" "	10 00
Guitar,	" "	10 00
French,	" "	10 00
Italian,	" "	10 00
German,	" "	10 00
Latin,	" "	8 00
Drawing,	" "	5 00
A complete set of Lessons in Book Keeping,		15 00

Washing, mending, or any of the usual incidental expenses, are not subject to any extra charge. Bed and bedding, $5 50.
Uniform.—Blue, Thibet, or Lyoness, in Winter; Blue Muslin or Delaine, in Summer; Knife, Fork and Spoon; Table Napkins. This uniform can be provided at the convenience of parents or guardians.
No deduction made for accidental absence, except when occasioned by sickness.
An extra charge of $25 00 for all who remain as boarders during vacation.
For further information apply at the Convent, or by letter to the Directors of the Institution
sept 12 MOTHER MARY GONZAGA.


Improved Wood Furnaces,
4, 5, AND 6 FEET LONG, FOR
Churches, Stores, Factorys, Dwellings, &c.
MADE OF BOILER IRON, with very heavy Drums. Manufactured and set up by experienced workmen, with Registers, Pipes, &c., at short notice. ALBERT NOYES & CO.
Bangor, Oct. 11, 1866. 2m


THE
BEST COOKING STOVE,
IN THE MARKET.
"PEERLESS," FOR COAL OR WOOD.
The "PEERLESS" has all the advantages of the popular stoves in use, together with such new features as justify the manufacturers in calling it the Best Cooking Stove in the market.
It is the "Peerless," because it is superior to all other Cooking Stoves in *Economy, Simplicity, Cleanliness, Baking, Roasting and Beauty.*
1st, Economy. A patented method of heating the air and conveying it through the oven, saves from *twenty to thirty per cent. of fuel.*
2d, Simplicity. It is easily managed. The fire can be perfectly controlled, and kept through an entire session without rekindling.
3d, Cleanliness. No dust escapes while shaking or dumping the grate.
4th, Baking. Its large oven, wherein all parts are of *equal* temperature, bakes as *evenly as a brick oven*, and that without turning the article. It bakes quickly. It will take up upon the rack quickly, evenly and well at the same time the oven bottom is fully employed in baking or roasting.
5th, Roasting. A current of hot air constantly passing through the oven, so thoroughly ventilates it, that it *roasts as well as a tin kitchen.*
6th, Beauty. Made of the best iron, it will not crack. Well mounted, artistically designed and smoothly cast it is the *most beautiful* as well as the *most serviceable* stove in the market.
Each stove is warranted to be and to do all that is claimed for it.
PRATT & WENTWORTH,
Manufacturers, Boston.
ALBERT NOYES & CO.,
Sole Agents for Bangor.

THE
Great New England Remedy!
DR. J. W. POLAND'S
White Pine Compound
Is now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of eleven years, in the New England States, where its merits have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.
The White Pine Compound
CURES
Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diptheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a Remarkable Remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Voiding Urine, Bleeding from the Kidneys and Bladder,, Gravel and other Complaints. For Piles and Scurvy it will be found very valuable.
Give in a trial if you would learn the value of a GOOD AND TRIED MEDICINE.
IT IS PLEASANT, SAFE AND SURE.
B. F. BRADBURY, General Agent, Bangor.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines generally oct 24 eowcm

MUSIC.
THE BANGOR QUADRILLE BAND most respectfully give notice that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, Fairs, Excursions, and all occasions where music is required. Any number of pieces furnished.—Terms moderate. Applications may be made at Harlow & Spencer's, 28 Main St., or to any member of the Band. Also, orders left at Pritchard & Fairbank's, 3 State-st., or at White's Music Store, will be promptly attended to.
George H. Stubbs, 1st Violin; Melville H. Andrews, 2d Violin; Reuus L. Wilder, Cornett; Chas. E. Rawson, Clarionett; Wm. M. Small, Double Basso. oct 13

INTERESTING
—TO—
HOUSE-KEEPERS
The Subscriber offers to the citizens of Bangor, a rare chance to avail themselves of the unparalleled benefits of COL. A. BAILEY'S
CELEBRATED FEATHER DRESSING
AND
RENOVATING MACHINE
The most successful patent of the kind ever offered to the public; and we venture the prediction that it never will be excelled, for it proves to be exactly what all conditions and qualities of feathers, from entirely new to old and much worn, need to render them as perfect as age, quality and condition will admit of their being made. The cleansing is done entirely by steam.
One dollar and fifty cents per bed, including the pillows and bolsters, provided the feathers are suitable to run with the bed.
I will call at each house to receive the beds, and return them when finished.
Rooms at Stable Office back of Hatch House.
oct 24 G. A. WING.

Fare Reduced to Boston.

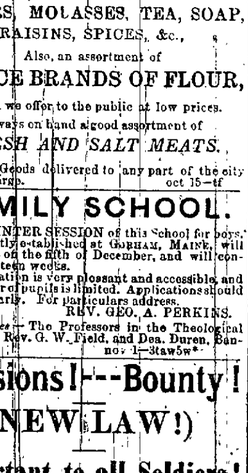
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Until further notice the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Company will run as follows:—
Leave Atlantic Wharf for Boston every evening (except Sunday), at 7 o'clock.
Leaves Boston (the same days at 7 P. M.:

Fare in Cabin,	$1 50
Deck fare,	1 00

Package Tickets to be had of the Agents at reduced rates.
Freight taken as usual. L. BILLINGS,
May 30, 1866. edtf Agent.

Portland and New York STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.
The Splendid and fast Steamships
DIRIGO, Capt. H. Sherwood, and
FRANCONIA, Capt. W. W. Sherwood, will, until further notice, run as follows:
Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.
These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage in State Room, $6, Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.
Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.
Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.
For freight or passage, apply to
EMERY & FOX,
Brown's Wharf, Portland.
J. F. AMES,
Pier 38 East River.
Portland, May 29, 1866.



He has been an old family nurse for the past twenty years, and knows all around the world as the most soothing and healing Ointment in existence.
McALISTER'S ALL-HEALING OINTMENT
Never Fails to Cure.
Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Ulcers, Small Box, Sore Nipples, Mercurial Sores, Erysipelas, Carbuncles, Corns, Bunions, and all Rheumatic Pains, &c. &c. Heals permanently Old Sores and Fresh Wounds. For Frosted Limbs, Burns, or Scalds, it has no equal in the World. Give it a trial.
Price 25 cents. Sold by all Druggists.
Nov. 21'65 Tu& Fd&wly

Co-Partnership Notice.
The Undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the Firm of
BODEN & SHAW
For the purpose of carrying on the MEAT & GROCERY BUSINESS, at the old stand heretofore occupied by J. F. BODEN, No. 47 State Street.
JOHN B. BODEN.
CHARLES H. SHAW.
Bangor, October 1st, 1866.

We have just received from Boston, a *CHOICE SELECTION* of
GROCERIES,
CONSISTING OF
SUGARS, MOLASSES, TEA, SOAP, RAISINS, SPICES, &c.,
Also, an assortment of
CHOICE BRANDS OF FLOUR,
Which we offer to the public at low prices.
Also, always on hand a good assortment of
FRESH AND SALT MEATS.
☞ All Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. oct 15—tf

FAMILY SCHOOL.
The WINTER SESSION of this School for boys, recently re-established at Gorham, Maine, will commence on the fifth of December, and will continue nineteen weeks.
The situation is very pleasant and accessible, and the number of pupils is limited. Applications should be made early. For particulars address.
REV. GEO. A. PERKINS.
References—The Professors in the Theological Seminary: Rev. G. W. Field, and Dea. Duren, Bangor.
nov 1—3taw5w*

Pensions!---Bounty!
(NEW LAW!)
Important to all Soldiers!
PENSIONS INCREASED.
I AM AUTHORIZED BY LAW, TO OBTAIN an *INCREASE* of Pension from
$8 to $15 Per Month,
For *every* Soldier who lost a *hand* or *foot* in the army, or who is disabled by wounds or sickness *equal* to the loss of a *hand* or *foot*.
Also—An *INCREASE OF PENSION* for other classes, and for dependent *fathers* and brothers. Full information given by calling on the subscriber.
BOUNTIES EQUALIZED!
This Law has passed the House and will become a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, shall have their just due.
☞ Apply early, either in person or by letter, at the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of
C. P. BROWN,
June 18th, 1866.—3&wf BANGOR.

Special Notice
To Soldiers and Seamen!!
The Law Has Passed!
Bounties Equalized.
Justice Done the Early Soldiers and Seamen of the War, their Widows and Heirs.
Notice has been sent me from Washington, that the Law equalizing the bounty to Soldiers and Seaman was passed Saturday last, July 28th, by Congress.
I am now authorized and prepared to collect the Bounty for every Soldier and Seaman entitled, also for their Widows and Heirs.
☞ Application made personally at my office, or by mail, the discharge of the Soldier or Seaman should be handed in—as it must be forwarded with the application.
☞ All applications must be made signed, witnessed and sworn to, AFTER THE PASSAGE OF THIS LAW. Many soldiers have been induced to sign papers before the law passed. This practice is irregular, fraudulent and void, and papers in all such cases must be made over.
☞ **Soldiers and Seamen**
Call early, and get full particulars at the Old War Claim Agency, 60½
C. P. BROWN,
July 30 BANGOR.

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD

"Lower Kennebec Route," via Kendall's Mills, Waterville, and Augusta.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
Passenger Trains leave Kendalls Mills daily, for Portland and Boston, upon the arrival of the 7.00 A.M. train from Bangor, connecting with trains at Brunswick, for Lewiston, Farmington, &c.
Returning—Passenger Train leaves Portland on arrival of train from Boston, at 1 P.M., connecting at Kendall's Mills with train from Bangor, and intermediate stations.
Freight Train leaves Kendall's Mills at 5.55 A.M. for Portland, and through to Boston without change of cars. *Returning*, Freight Train is due at Waterville at 3.25 P.M. and Kendall's Mills at 5.30 P.M.
Connection Tickets between Bangor and Chicago via Maine Central Road, and Windsor, Brunswick and the Portland and Kennebec Road, are now sold, and baggage is checked through.
Through Fares from Bangor and all other stations on the Maine Central Railroad, East of Kendall's Mills, to Portland and Boston, by the Portland & Kennebec Railroad, will be made the same as by the route as by the Maine Central and Grand Trunk Roads. So also from Portland and Boston to Bangor and all other stations East of Kendall's Mills. Passengers going East will change cars at the depot they arrive at in Portland, where a portion is allowed to dine.
nov19, 1866 W. HATCH, Sup't.

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford
RAIL ROAD COMPANY.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT
On and after MONDAY, Nov. 19th, the cars will leave as follows, till further notice:—

Leave Bangor	at 7	A. M. 12 M. and 4½ P. M.
Leave Milford	at 8	A. M. 1¼ P. M. and 5½ P. M.
Leave Oldtown	at 8¼	A. M. 2 P. M. and 6 P. M.

Bangor, Nov. 15th, 1866. N. T. TWAN, Agent.

MAINE CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after MONDAY next, trains will leave Bangor daily for Portland and Boston at 7 A.M.
Accommodation train for Waterville and intermediate stations, at 1.30 P.M. daily.
Trains from Portland and Boston will leave Bangor at 8 P.M., and from Waterville at 7 A.M.
Through tickets are sold at Bangor for Portland and Boston by this line only.
November 10, 1866. EDWIN NOYE.

NATIONAL HOUSE,
Harlow St., Bangor, Maine,
A. R. GREENOUGH - - - Proprietor.

This House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the travelling community.
The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.
The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.
There is attached to this House a good STABLE with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.
A. R. GREENOUGH.
Bangor, September 13, 1866.

NICHOLS HOUSE.

The undersigned having leased, for a long term, and thoroughly renovated and refitted the Nichols House (late "Lowell House") in Bangor, has this day re-opened the same to the public accommodation.
This Hotel is centrally located, and in close proximity with the Boats and Cars.
The Proprietor has had a long experience in the "Parker House," of Lancaster, and the "Sawyer House," of Newport, and flatters himself that to all patrons he will furnish an agreeable and comfortable home. Every effort and expense will be used to make this House as popular and attractive as any in this section of the State.
☞ Livery Stable connected with the House.
☞ Coaches in readiness for any business at all hours.
Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the country.
Lemuel Nichols.
Bangor, Feb. 23, 1866 (Times)

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a
"First Class Hotel."
He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. H. Hussey as Clerk. And by the experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*or any other man.*
Houlton, July 1, 1865 GEO. PARKS, Proprietor. 1y5

SILVERINE
FOR
Instantaneously Silver Plating
ARTICLES OF
BRASS, COPPER, GERMAN SILVER, &c.
Restoring the plating where worn off,—and also
Cleaning and Polishing
SILVER and SILVER PLATED WARE.
This most useful invention of the age is a preparation of *pure silver*, and contains no mercury, acid, or other substance injurious to metals for the hand. It is a complete electro-plating battery in a bottle. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by Druggists and Variety Stores.
HOWE & STEVENS
MANUFACTURERS, BOSTON, MASS
oct 10—3md

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